

## GCSE Edexcel - Meiosis and Mitosis Cheat Sheet by Jackqueslack23 via cheatography.com/166796/cs/37301/

## Mitosis

Multicellular organisms need cells to divide so that organisms can grow and repair damaged tissue.

Cells divide when an organism grows or becomes damaged.

Before a cell can divide, it must grow and make copies of all the organelles such as mitochondria and ribosomes.

During mitosis, the two complete sets of chromosomes are pulled to opposite sides of the cell.

Main Differences		
	Mitosis	Meiosis
Number of cell divisions	1	2 (meiosis I and II)
Daughter charac- teristics	Identical to each other and to parent cell, diploid	All daughter cells are unique, haploid
Biological signif- icance	Good for asexual reprod- uction, growth	Production of gametes

Mitosis Stages		
Interphase	DNA copies itself ready for mitosis, cell spends the majority of its life in this phase	
Prophase	The DNA in chromosomes and their copies condenses to become more visible.	
Metaphase	Chromosomes and their copies line up in the middle of the cell.	
Anaphase	Chromosomes and their copies are pulled to different ends of the cell.	
Telophase	New membranes form around chromosomes at each end of the cells.	
Cytoki- nesis	The cell membrane pinches in and eventually divides into two daughter cells.	

## Meiosis

Meiosis is a type of cell division in sexually reproducing organisms that reduces the number of chromosomes in gametes.

It produces four haploid non-identical cells.

Meiosis produces haploid gametes, so that when they fuse, the diploid number of chromosomes is restored.



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Not published yet.

Last updated 24th February, 2023.

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