Cheatography

SYS ADMIN Cheat Sheet

by ivese via cheatography.com/89700/cs/20418/

Commands#1		Commands#1 (cont)		Commands #2 (cont)		Commands #2 (cont)	
grep	searches text files for lines that match changes a user's	al	ed to remote log into nost ves temporary root	history	used to look at your previously input commands	exit clear	exits the current shell clears the terminal screen
chown	permissions change the owner shows the full path	sort lis	rmissions ts files in a sorted der	mount	mounts file/dire- ctory (redirects folder path to another location) umounts file/dire- ctory	ln	creates a symbolic link between two given arguments
p 4	name of the current working directory		moves a directory	unmount		xargs	executes commands from standard input
head tail	displays the start of a text file displays the end of a	cd change directory Is list the current directory		locate	finds files based of of a database	route	command used to view and manipulate the IP routing table
cat	text file displays the full text	Commands #2 ifconfig used to change IP		su	used to change the current user	Commands#3	
find	file Searches files based	which	and net mask finds the direct path	.(followed by filename)	Any file that begins with a "." is hidden. "." also can be used	[[]]	used to test in a bash script.
mkdir	on user criteria creates a directory	of what you pass to it		,	to reference the current working	name=	used to assign a variable. marks the start
mv	movies a file or directory from one location to another	groupadd dnf install	adds a user group used to install librar- ies/packages	ping	directory test the reachability of a host on an	,	and end of a if statement
ср	copies a file or directory	adduser systemctl	adds user used to manage a		Internet Protocol network	elif	marks and else if statement in bash
wget	retrieves content from a web server	Systemeti	systemd service. (start/enable/rest- art/daemon-relo- ad/etc)	netstat	displays network connections for Transmission Control Protocol	Spaces in function calls represent different arguments	
whoami man	shows username show the man pages					for ((i = i < 100 i++));	•
WC	of commands counts the number of lines words and	journalctl	logs for systemd	kill(Ctrl + C) traceroute	used to stop a running process displays the route	\$#	gets number of arguments
	characters	pip3 install	used to install python modules	#!/bin/bas	and measures transit delays of packets across an Internet Protocol network used to denote a bash script retrieves content	\$*	gets all arguments
du	checks disk usage	source	runtime and permanent firewall			\$1	gets the first argument
rm vi	removes objects screen oriented text editor	activate firewall- cmd				\$@	gets all arguments starting from the
nano	screen oriented text editor			h wget		for i in {15};	first python style for loop
gzip	create a file compress/dec- ompress a file			scp	from web servers copies file from one host to another		



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Commands#3 (cont)		Commands#3 (cont)		Commands#4 (cont)	
do / done	denotes what to do during a for	checks that string is less than another		-w file	you have write permission
	loop and the end of a loop	-lt less than for integers - less than or equal for		-x file	you have execute permission on file
while loop	loops while something is true		egers ual for integers	-N file	file was modified since it was last
until loop	loops while something is	eq		-O file	read you own the file
	false	_	- greater than for integers gt		file's group ID
return followed by a number is used for error return status		- greater than or equal for		Waa	matches yours
\${name}	example of how to refer to a	ge integersnot equal for integersne		yes	prints out an infinite loop with the given input
6633	variable " used to mark a			/	root directory
	section as a string	git clone	clones a local or remote repository	hostname	outputs the name of the current comput- er/server
env	displays all environment variables defines an	git commit	commits current contents of the index and the given log	write	sends a message to another user logged in to this computer
	environment variable		message describing the changes.	wall	broadcasts a message to all other users logged
array=- ([0]=valA	an example of how to instan-	git push	uploads local content to a remote repository		
[1]=valB [2]=valC)	tiate an array	git status	gets the status of the git repository	sleep	in to this computer pause for a given number of seconds
function	example of a	df	shows disk usage		
name() {commands}	bash functions	enable	enable enables and disables shell built-ins		change the default permissions given to newly created
&&	and operator	-a file	-a file file exists		
II	or operator	-d file	file exists and is a		files
==	checks if a string equals another	-e file	directory file exists; same -a	cal	outputs an ASCII calendar
!=	checks that string does not	-f file	file exists and is a regular file	date	outputs the current date/time
	equal another checks that	-r file	you have read permission	read	reads a value from
>	string is greater than another	-s file	file exists and is not empty		standard input



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