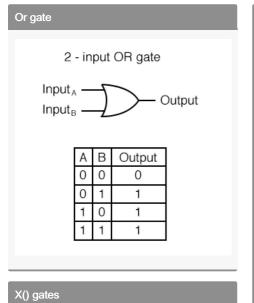
Cheatography

ComSci IBDP 1 Cheat Sheet by iutii via cheatography.com/178601/cs/37658/

Converting	
From Hexadecimal to decimal	From Binary to Hexadecimal
BF=B*16 ¹ + F*16 ⁰ =11*16 ¹ + 15*16 ⁰ =171+15=191	1) Find the biggest power of 16 that fits in - number of positions
	3501- 16, 256, 4096
	2) Find the biggest multiplier
	x*256, that fits? x=13=D
	3501-13*256=173
	Y <i>16<173, 10</i> 16=A*16
	173-160=13, 13=D
	3501(2)=DAD(16)
From Binary to decimal	From Decimal to binary
Just multiplying 1 or 0 by 2 in the power of position	1) find the biggest power of 2 that fits - number of positions
10100=1*2 ⁴ +1*2 ² =20	63=2 ⁵
	2) Find the biggest multiplier
	63-32=31, 2 ⁴
	31-16=15, 2 ³
	15-8=7, 2 ²
	7-4=3, 2^1
	3-2=1, 2^0
	63(10)=111111(2)
Hexadecimal to binary	Decimal to hexadecimal
1)Each number should represent the four digits in the binary number	191:16=11.R => R*16=.9375+16=15
BF => 8 digits	if the number before is less than 16, then it is the first digit, if not, then keep counting
B=11, 11=1011	11 => B
F=15, 15=1111	BF, reading backwards
BF(16)=10111111(2)	



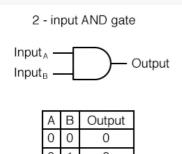
File Processing

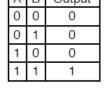
These are XAND and XOR gates, they are exclusive

So for XAND only if both inputs are identical it will give a 1

For XOR only if they are both different, it will give a 1

And gate

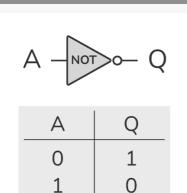




N() gates

The gates with N, such as NOR, NAND, XNOR, NOR, XNAND, are just gates with a NOT after them

Not gate





By iutii cheatography.com/iutii/ Published 13th March, 2023. Last updated 17th June, 2023. Page 2 of 2. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com

