## Cheatography

## Linux Every Day Commands Cheat Sheet by Ghostcognito via cheatography.com/173739/cs/36521/

Useful Cor	nmands	Bang (!)	commands (	cont)
sudo ls	Run the given command as the root user List the contents of a directory	!comm: ar	s/f oo/b	This will search for commands starting with comm, replace foo with bar and execute the
cd	Change directory			command. Can be appended with :p to print out the command before running
cat	Concatenate files together and print them to screen (std out), if only one file is given just print the file to the screen	!n		Will run command n in the history, replace with whatever number you want from the output of the history command. ! 1 will run the
touch	Create a file			first command. !-1 will run the previous
W	Print what other users are running			command, same as !!
man	Manual page viewer	\$_		Variable for the last argument in the previous
apropos	Manual page searcher			command.
history	Print the command history to the terminal	\$()		Will run whatever is in the () as a subshell
echo	Print to the terminal			and return the result before running the rest of the command
env	Print the current environment variables	Hint in s	ome shells vo	ou can hit space after the bang command and
whoami	Display the user running the commands	the command in full will populate		
lastlog	Shows the last time any user on the system has logged in	Remote	Network Con	nections
df	Shows the size of all the filesystems	ssh	Use the Se remote ho	ecure Shell application to log into a given st

Bang (!) commands		
!!	Run the previous command. sudo !! is very helpful	
!:0	The first word of the last command	
!\$	The last word of the previous command. Example, mkdir /tmp/foo, then run cd !\$ to change directory to the one you've just created	
!foo	Run the previous command starting with foo	
!foo:p	Print the previous command starting with foo	
!!:s/f oo/ba r	Substitute foo with bar within the previous command	
^foo^bar	Same as above, runs the previous command replacing foo with bar	

	and return the result before running the rest of the command	
Hint in some shells you can hit space after the bang command and		
the comm	nand in full will populate	
Remote N	Network Connections	
ssh	Use the Secure Shell application to log into a given remote host	
ftp	Use the File Transfer Protocol to download/upload a file to a given host	
telnet	Interact with network sockets	
Web Builtins		
curl	Interact with files / webpages / API endpoints	
wget	Download files over the network	

Processes		
top	Output top running processes	
kill	Send signals to the given process or stop a process	



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Keyboard Shortcuts	3
[up arrow]	Move up in the command history
[down arrow]	Move down in the command history
[left arrow]	Move the cursor left
[right arrow]	Move the cursor right
[TAB]	Autocompletion
[SPACE] cmd	In some shells will not save the command to the history file
Ctrl+a	Move the cursor to the front of a command
Ctrl+e	Move to the cursor to the end of the command
Ctrl+r	Reverse search history
Ctrl+c	Terminate the current running command or clear the terminal of the command about to run
Ctrl+S hift+c	Copy the selected text out of the terminal window
Ctrl+S hift+v	Paste into the terminal window
Ctrl+q	Send the current command to the queue for one command before it re-populates the terminal
Ctrl+l	Clear the terminal

Shell Redirection	Operators
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cmd > file	Send the output of the command to a file
cmd >> file	Append the output of the command to a file
cmd 2> file	Send Standard Error (stderr) to a file
cmd 2> /dev/null	Send stderr to null. In essence throw away all outputted errors
cmd1   cmd2	Send the output of ${\tt cmd1}$ to ${\tt cmd2}$
cmd1 ; cmd2	Run cmd1 then cmd2
cmdl && cmd2	Run cmd2 if cmd1 is successful
cmd1    cmd2	Run cmd2 if cmd1 is not successful

Networking	
ifconfig	Lists the current networking interfaces and information about them like the assigned IP addresses
ip a	Like ifconfig, lists the current interfaces and associated IP addresses
SS	Lists active networking sockets
nc	Opens a network socket
Text	
WC	Text count
grep	Text searcher
nano	Text editor
vim	Text editor
emacs	Text editor
less	Text viewer
more	Text viewer
awk	Text manipulator
sed	Text manipulator
head	Text reader
tail	Text reader

Jobs	
cmd &	Run the command in the background as a job
jobs	List all running jobs
Ctrl+z	Send the current running process to the background and suspend it
bg %n	Background job ID n
fg %n	Foreground job ID n
kill %n	Kill job ID n
kill -SIGNAL %n	Send a given SIGNAL to job ID n
diswon %n	Disown the job ID n so it will run even if the terminal exits

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