## Cheatography

protocol
a protocol governs the transport of data on the internet
common protocols
TCP - transmission control protocol
breaks up messages, reassembles, detects errors and resends lost messages
IP- internet protocol
routes packets around the internet from one IP address to another
HTTP- hypertext transfer protocol
used for accessing and receiving webpages
HTTPS - hypertext transfer protocol secure
the information is encrypted so if it intercepted it cannot be understood
FTP- file transfer protocol
used for sending and receiving files
IMAP- Internet message access protocol
leaves mesage on the server and syncs with all of your devices, can only be deleted if user deletes email
POP/3- post office protocol/3
downloads every new message to local device so it is no longer available on the server
SMTP- simple mail transfer protocol
used for sending emails
the TCP/IP protocol stack aka layers
applic- applications such as email clients and web browsers create data to send in this layer. SMTP, FTP and HTTP operate in this layer ation layer
transport the transport layer creates the connection between two computers, or 'hosts'. data is then divided up into packets and given a packet layer number. packets are reassembled by the recipient's transport layer. lost packets are resent. This layer uses TCP.
internet the Internet layer is responsible for routing packets. routers operate on this layer layer
link layer the link layer is responsible for transporting information between nodes on the network.

advantages:

- self-contained

- the functionality of one layer can be changed without affecting another

- senders and receivers can use different hardware and software but can communicate using the same layer protocols



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