

Metals and Their Uses Cheat Sheet

by Elf (Elf Fatmawati) via cheatography.com/213487/cs/46518/

Metal + Water

Metal + Water -> Metal Hydroxide Mg(s) + 2H2O(l) -> Mg(OH)2 + Hydrogen (aq*) + H2 (g)

*Auqueous: Chemical substance that is in the form of a solution in water

Metal + Oxygen

Metal + Oxygen -> Metal Oxide 2Mg(s) + O2 (g) -> 2MgO(S)

Corrosion and Rusting

Rusting -> chemical reaction where iron
reacts with oxygen and water to form a
reddish-brown substance called rust.

Occurs because of oxidation.

Prevent -> Painting/coating, Galvanization,
Stainless steel, Powder coating

High temperature,
acidic PH, oxygen,
high flow velocity

Aluminum & Titanium -> Form an oxide layer to be stronger (Does not weaken the iron structure)

Properties of Alloys and Their Uses

Alloys -> Mixture of two or more metals

Properties and Uses of Metals

Conductors of heat and electricity

(copper, electrical wiring)

High melting points and are solid at room temperature, except mercury (iron,

Malleable and Ductile (aluminum, airplanes and cans)

Shiny (gold and silvers, jewelry and electronics)

Strong and Durable (iron and steel, buildings and machines)

Metal + Acids	
Metal + Acid -> Salt + Hydrogen	Zn(s) + 2HCl(aq) -> ZnCl2(aq) +
gas	H2(g)
Hydrochloric Acid	Chloride
Sulfuric Acid	Sulfate
Nitric Acid	Nitrate

To obtain salt:

cooking pans)

- 1. React metal with acid
- 2. Filter out excess metal
- 3. Heat the solution to evaporate water
- 4. Crystals of salt remain

C

By Elf (Elf Fatmawati) cheatography.com/elffatmawati/ Published 1st June, 2025. Last updated 1st June, 2025. Page 1 of 1. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com