

## For loop

```
let iterable = [1, 2, 3];
for(let value of iterable) { console.log(value);
}
```

## Slice VS Splice

slice	➡ shallow
splice	☒ changes

The **slice()** method returns a **shallow** copy of a portion of an array into a new array object:  
`arr.slice([begin[, end]])`

The **splice** method **changes** the content of an array by removing existing elements and/or adding new elements.

```
arr.splice(start, deleteCount [, item1 [, item2
...]])
```

## Chomp string

```
string = string.slice(0, -1);
```

## Strings: substr VS substring

```
string.substr(start, length)
string.substring(start, stop)
```

## Cloning/Assignment

```
Object.assign(obj1, obj2);
to clone:
let clone = Object.assign({}, obj1); // Though
not sure if shallow or deep copy
```

## "Falsy" values in JS

Undefined
null
false
+0, -0, and NaN
" "

## Array aggregation

```
array1 = array1.concat(array2);
```

## Array includes element

```
array1.includes('xyz')
```

## Case insensitive comparison

```
(a, b) =>
a.toLowerCase().localeCompare(b.to
```

## Logging companions

→ <http://1lineart.kulaone.com/#/>

→ <http://bada55.io/>

For something like:

```
console.log(`cd[ o_0 ]b %s, 'color:
#fa5732;', 'DATA');
```

## (always) Thanks to MDN



Always thanks to: <https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript>

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Page 1 of 1.