

| Skel leiðbeiningar | |
|---------------------|--|
| Skel Command | Hvað það gerir: |
| touch | create |
| tar | compression |
| grep pattern files | search for pattern in files |
| rm -r | remove directory |
| tail | output last 10 lines of file |
| xf - cf | extract - create |
| grep -r | search recursively in dir |
| rm | delete file |
| man | Manual, get help |
| info | documentation, replaces man erfiðara að nota |
| pwd | show current working directory |
| cd | change current directory |
| ls | show lists of files or information |
| cp | copy file |
| mv | move file or rename it |
| mkdir | make directory |
| rmdir | delete directory |
| wc | print byte, word and line counts |
| sort | Sort text files |
| cat | Send a file to the screen in one go |
| cat *.txt > outfile | add all .txt files together |
| less | Display output one screen at a time |

| Skel leiðbeiningar (cont) | |
|---------------------------|--|
| head | Output the first part of file |
| uniq | checking for uniqueness, leita eftir eiginleikum t.d. nafn |
| chmod | change access permissions |
| cut | Divide a file into several parts |
| more | show a file one screen at a time |
| ./ | run a file |

| Bitwise operator | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| AND & | 1001 AND 0101 = 0001 |
| OR | 1001 OR 0101 = 1101 |
| NOT ~ | NOT 1001 = 0110 |
| XOR ^ | 1001 XOR 0101 = 0001 |

| Precision F10 | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Single precision 32 bits | 1 s - exp 8bits - frac 23bits |
| Double precision 64 bits | 1 s - exp 11bits - frac 52bits |

| Floating point | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Case 1 | Case 2 | Case 3 |
| Normalized values | Denormalized values | Special values |
| Exponent field is <i>neither</i> all-zero nor all-one | Exponent field is all-zero | sértilfelli deilt með 0 og óendaleiki nn |
| E = e - bias | E = 1 - bias | Exponent = all ones |

| Floating point (cont) | | |
|--|---------|---|
| e is an integer | 101 | Mantissa = |
| codon is between 0 - 1 in binary (exp field) | = 5/2^3 | non-zero |
| M = 1 + f | M = f | infinity = expo <i>all-ones</i> Mantissa <i>all-zero</i> |

| Data types | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| C data types | Assembly equivalen t | Assembly suffix | Size in bytes |
| char | byte | b | 1 |
| short | word | w | 2 |
| int | double word | l | 4 |
| char * | double word | l | 4 |
| float | single precision | s | 4 |
| double | double precision | l | 8 |
| long | Extended | t | 10/12 |
| double | precision | | |

| GCC compiler | |
|--------------|---|
| gcc -O1 -S | source file <i>sum.c</i> , output file <i>sum.s</i> , level 1 optimizations, 32 bit assembly code |

| Hw3 problem 1 |
|---|
| Dæmi a : $((a \wedge b) \& \sim b) (\sim (a \wedge b) \& b)$ |
| $(x \& \sim b) (\sim x \& b) = x \wedge b // x = a \wedge b$ |
| $(a \wedge b) \wedge b = a \wedge b \wedge b = a$ |
| Dæmi b : $1 + (a \ll 3) + \sim a$ |
| $\sim a + 1 + (a \ll 3)$ |
| $\sim a + (a \ll 3)$ |
| $\sim a + 8 * a = 7a$ |
| Dæmi c : $\sim(\sim a)$ |
| $(b \wedge (\text{MIN_INT} + \text{MAX_INT}))$ |
| $\sim(\sim a (b \wedge \sim 1)) = \sim(\sim a \sim b) = a \& b$ |
| Dæmi d : $(a \ll 4) + (a \ll 2) + (a \ll 1)$ |
| $a * 16 + 4 * a + 2 * a = 22a$ |
| Dæmi e : $a \wedge (\text{MIN} + \text{MAX}) // (\text{MIN} + \text{MAX}) = -1$ |
| $a \wedge \sim 1 = \sim a$ |
| Dæmi f : $\sim((a (\sim a + 1)) \gg W) \& 1$ |
| $1XXX 0XXX = 1XXX \setminus 0000 0000 = 0000$ |
| $1XXX \gg W == 1111 \setminus 0000 \gg W == 0000$ |
| $\sim(1 \gg W) \& 1 \setminus 0 \& 1 = 0 \setminus 1 \& 1 = 1 \setminus (a == 0)$ |
| Dæmi g : $((a < 0) ? (a + 3) : a) \gg 2$ |
| a / 4 gerir ekki rad fyrir minus tolum |
| Dæmi h : $\sim((a \gg W) \ll 1)$ |
| $\sim(\text{sign} \ll 1)$ |
| $\sim 1111 \ll 1 // \text{negative}$ |
| $0001 = 1$ |
| $\sim 0000 \ll 1 // \text{positive}$ |
| $1111 = -1$ |
| Dæmi i : $a \gg 2$ |
| gerdur til ad rugla thvi hann tekur ekki minus tolar |



Problem 2

| Number | Decimal | Binary |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Zero | 0 | 00000 |
| n/a | -4 | 11100 |
| n/a | 11 | 01011 |
| n/a | -14 | 10010 |
| n/a | 14 | 01110 |
| n/a | -11 | 10101 |
| TMax | 15 | 01111 |
| TMin | -16 | 10000 |
| TMin + | 0 | 00000 |
| TMin | | |
| TMin + 1 | -15 | 01111 |
| TMax + 1 | -16 | 10000 |
| -TMax | -15 | 10001 |
| -TMin | -16 | 10000 |
| Mínus tölur | ~10000 + | 01111 + |
| | 1 | 1 |

Problem 6 (cont)

```
movl 16(%ebp),%edx \edx =
val
```

```
movl 12(%ebp),%eax \eax =
= n
```

```
decl %eax \eax = n-1
```

```
js .L3 \if (n-1 < 0) goto .L3
```

```
.L7:
```

```
cmpl %edx,(%ecx,%eax,4) \
```

```
temp = a[i] - val
```

```
jne .L3 \if (a[i] != val) goto
.L3
```

```
decl %eax \eax = i-1
```

```
jns .L7 \if (i >= 0) goto .L7
```

```
.L3:
```

```
movl %ebp,%esp
```

```
popl %ebp
```

```
ret
```

```
int foo(int *a, int n, int val) {
```

```
int i;
```

```
for (i = n-1; a[i] ==
```

```
val) && (i >= 0); i = i - 1)
```

```
{
```

```
;
```

```
}
```

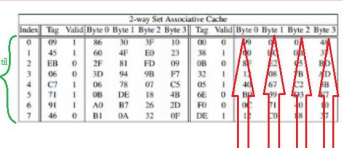
```
return i;
```

```
}
```

cache

CI

Hér rekur límmar
hér eru 8 síðir
þá þarf fjárliga bita til
að getað valið
einhvern þeirra.



CO Hér eru fjórir byte
þá þarf 2 bita til að getað valið
einhvern af þeim. Af því að 2 i
önnurvídi er fjórir

HW4 problem 3

copy_element:

```
pushl %ebp
movl %esp,%ebp
pushl %ebx
movl 8(%ebp),%ecx // %ecx = i
movl 12(%ebp),%ebx // %ebx = j
movl %ecx,%edx // %edx = i
leal (%ebx,%ebx,8),%eax // %eax = 8j + j =
9j
sall $4,%edx // %edx = 16i
sall $2,%eax // %eax = 36j
subl %ecx,%edx // %edx = 16i - i = 15i
movl mat2(%eax,%ecx,4),%eax // %eax =
mat2 + 36j + 4i
sall $2,%edx // %edx = 60i
movl %eax,mat1(%edx,%ebx,4) // mat1 +
60i+ 4j = %eax
movl -4(%ebp),%ebx //
movl %ebp,%esp //
popl %ebp
ret
```

HW4 problem 3 (cont)

```
int mat1[M][N]
int mat2[N][M]
mat1[i][j] = mat2[j][i]
mat2 = 36j = 36 * M
mat1 = 144 = N
```

