

Brewing process Cheat Sheet by [deleted] via cheatography.com/87776/cs/20234/

Brewing operations			
Milling of malt - >	Mashing (converting the starch)->		
Wort separation (filtering the mash) ->	Wort boiling (boiling, adding hops) ->		
Trub separation (whirlpool) ->	finished wort (cooling to fermentation)		
Mashing (important step, time and temp)	Infusion mashing: one vessel		
	Decoction mashing: two vessels, better if you can't control temps		
Grist load	20% spent grains		
	out of the rest, 65% are fermentable sugars, rest are not		
	maltose, maltotriose, fructose, glucose, sucrose		
	unfermentable are		

Lautering

Lauter tun or mash filter

First wort - sparging - last runnings - spent grain removal

dextrins, protiens, gums, pentose, minerals

boil 4-10% evaporation, boiling about 60 wort mins, hop added

crush husks to expose endosperm
completely disentegrate endosperm to make all consti- tuent available for enzymes
keep fine powder at minimum
Prevent extraction of unwanted substances during mashing
Hammer mill: fine pieces. used for mash filters
Roller mill: husk not damaged, must be used for filtering

FIOH WOIL to linal beel		
Whirlpool	cooling wort ->	
wort aeration - >	yeast pitching	
	Pitching: yeast is mixed with wort	
Ale or top fermenting yeast	vs Lager or bottom fermenting yeast	
	The yeast converts fermentable carbohydrates in the wort into alcohol and carbon dioxide	

Returned bottles Returned bottles (Palletts) Crafe washer Filled bottles in warshouse Palletiser Crafer C

Objectives of mashing

Aim to form an extract with a desired profile of sugars and a desired level of proteins, amino acids and other minor chemical constituents

Objectives	of mashing (cont)
Purpose	To dissolve immediately soluble substances. This fraction constitutes approximately 15% of the total ingredients.
	To convert substances that are initially insoluble in the mash into soluble substances, through enzymatic action.
	To convert the extracted substances into fermentable extract, through enzymatic action.
alfa amylase	cuts big pieces
beta amylase	cuts in parts of two
iodine test	shows positive test for starch
Heating jacket	Limpet coil
	Dimple jacket
Lauter tun	Principle: filtration through a bed of grains
	Compared to mash filter: • more flexible – variation in brew types and sizes • less expensive • lower yield
Mash	Principle: • filtration takes place

through a filter cloth

Aim to form an extract with

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filter



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Objectives of mashing (cont)		
	Compared to lauter tun: • less flexible – variation in brew types and sizes • more expensive • higher yield	
Purpose of Wort Boiling and Hopping	Conversion of bitter components in hops from insoluble form to water soluble form – isomerisation of hop α-acids • Extraction of hop aroma • Sterilization of the wort • Adjustment of strength (% Plato) by evaporation • Removal of unwanted aroma components – DMS • Precipitation of proteins and polyphenols – trub, break • Inactivation of any remaining enzymatic activity	
Hopping	Bitter hops: Hops added in beginning of boiling	
	Aroma hops: Hops added at end of boiling	
Wort cooling		
Coolship	big shallow trough	
Plate heat exchanger	Hot wort runs next to cold water. hot water is recycled, fx in CIP	

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Malt, hops, W	Vater and Adjuncts
Barley ->	Two-row barley and Six- row
Malt	barley (two-row better)
Barley	Embro
compos- ition	
10011	Leaf
	Endosperm
	beta glucan walls
aleurone	production of enzymes 71%
aleurone	arabinoxylan 26% ß-glucan
Endosperm	Storage of starch 75% ß-
	glucan 20% arabinoxylan
Steeping	grain take up water
Germin-	enzymes activated and
ation	synthesised, cells walls and
	protein broken down
Kilning	heating to stop enzymatic activity, production of colours
	and flavours
Barley	Pre-cleaning, De-stoning,
Handling	Removal of half grains and
	weed seeds, Screening
Hops (only	Bitterness, aroma, taste
female	stability
hops)	antiovidanta antibastarial
	antioxidants, antibacterial
0 1	foam, cling, lacing
Growth	Upwards, harvested bottom to top
Hop products	3
Pellets	Pellets (90 and 45)
Isomerised	Iso-pellets
	IKE Isomerised Kettle Extract

Malt, hops, Wa	ater and Adjuncts (cont)
	PIKE Potassium Isomerised Kettle Extract
Downstream	ISO extract
	RHO, Tetra, Hexa
	Hop Oils and Fractions
Special produc	ots
Lupulin glands	Alpha and beta acids, xantohumol
	isomeresation of alpha acids increases solubility and bitterness. also makes the light struck flavour
Water	At least same quality as drinking water
	Opimization of minerals (disolved ions) -> Hardness
	ptimization of pH -> Alkalinity
	bottom fermented beers (lagers) are brewed with soft water
	top fermented beers (ales, stouts, etc.) on hard and mineral rich water.
Ground water	very clean, stable low temperature, often very hard but depends on ground composition
Surface water	more particles and microo- rganisms, varies in temper- ature, often very soft
Town water	Really well balanced
Hardness	Temporary end permanent depending on mineral salts



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Malt, hops, Water and Adjuncts (cont)

Adi	II II	cte
Au	ıuıı	CLJ

Types Peas, Rice, Corn flakes, rye,

soya

"ANY CARBOHYDRATE SOURCE OTHER THAN MALTED BARLEY WHICH CONTRIBUTES SUGARS TO

THE WORT"

Quality Taste and Flavour Stability •

Head Retention • Colour • Degree of Fermentation • High

Gravity Wort

Economy Price of the adjunct versus malt

• Influence on brewing capacity

• Energy savings • Taxation

Gelatinisation Some adjucts gelatinise at higher temps than malt, so it

has to be boiled seperately



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