

Import Libraries to Read

```
library(readr)  
library(ggplot2)  
library(dplyr)  
library(broom)  
library(Tmisc)  
library(caret)  
library(caret)  
library(splines)  
library(party)  
library(leaps)  
library(glmnet)
```

Apply Functions

```
(m=matrix, a=array, l=list; v=vector, d=dataframe)  
  
apply(x,index,fun) [input: m; output: a or l;  
applies function fun to rows/cols/cells  
(index) of x]  
  
lapply(x,fun) [input l; output l; apply fun to  
each element of list x]  
  
sapply(x,fun) [input l; output v; user friendly  
wrapper for lapply(); see also replicate()]  
  
tapply(x,index,fun) [input l output l; applies  
fun to subsets of x, as grouped based on  
index]
```

Clustering

```
plot(1:nc, wss, type="b", xlab="Number of  
Clusters", ylab="Within groups sum of  
squares")  
  
wssplot <- function(data, nc=15, seed=1-  
234){ wss <- (nrow(data)-1)*sum(apply(da-  
ta,2,var)) for (i in 2:nc){ set.seed(seed)  
wss[i] <- sum(kmeans(data, centers=i)$with-  
inss)}
```



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GGplot

```
ggplot(mydata, aes(xvar, yvar)) + geom_p-  
oint(aes(color=groupvar)) + geom_smooth(-  
method="lm")  
  
qplot(x = cty, y = hwy, data = mpg, geom =  
"point") [Creates a complete plot with given  
data, geom, and mappings. Supplies many  
useful defaults]  
  
last_plot() [Returns the last plot]  
  
ggsave("plot.png", width = 5, height = 5)  
[Saves last plot as 5' x 5' file named "plot.  
png" in working directory. Matches file  
type to file extension]
```

Setup

```
createDummyFeatures(obj=,target=,met-  
hod=,cols=) [creates (0,1) flags for each  
non-numeric variable excluding target  
  
**normalizeFeatures(obj=,target=,method-  
=,cols=,range=,on.constant=)  
  
center subtract mean  
  
scale divide by std. deviation  
  
standardize center and scale  
  
range linear scale to given range  
  
mergeSmallFactorLevels(task=,cols=m-  
in.perc=) [combine infrequent factor levels  
into single merged level]
```

Basic Codes

```
read_csv("path/nhanes.csv")  
View(df)  
filter(df, ...) [Filters data frame according to  
condition ]  
mean, median, range [na.rm=TRUE ]  
t.test(y~grp, data=df)  
wilcox.test(y~grp, data=df)  
anova(lmfit)  
TukeyHSD(aov(lmfit)) [ANOVA Post-hoc  
pairwise contrasts]  
xt <- xtabs(~x1+x2, data=df)  
addmargins(xt)  
prop.table(xt)  
chisq.test(xt)  
fisher.test(xt)  
mosaicplot(xt)  
factor(x, levels=c("wt", "mutant"))  
relevel(x, ref="wildtype")  
power.t.test(n, power, sd, delta)  
power.prop.test(n, power, p1, p2)  
tidy() augment() glance() [Model tidying  
functions in the broom package]
```

Published 26th February, 2019.
Last updated 26th February, 2019.
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Model Functions

aov(formula, data) [analysis of variance model]
lm(formula, data) [fit linear models]
glm(formula, family, data) [fit generalized linear models]
nls(formula, data) [nonlinear least-squares estimates of the nonlinear model parameters]
lmer(formula, data) [fit mixed effects model]
(lme4); lme() or (nlme)
anova(fit, data...) [provides sequential sums of squares and corresponding F-test for objects]
contrasts(fit, contrasts = TRUE) [view contrasts associated with a factor]
contrasts(fit, how.many) <- value
glht(fit, linfct) [makes multiple comparisons using a linear function linfct (multcomp)]
summary(fit) [summary of model, often w/ t-values]
confint(parameter) [confidence intervals for one or more parameters in a fitted model]
predict(fit,...) [predictions from fit]

Decision Tree

cmtree(formula,data) [formula is a formula describing the predictor and response variables]

Data Information

is.na(x)	is.nan(x)
is.null(x)	is.array(x)
is.complex(x)	is.character(x)
is.data.frame(x)	is.numeric(x)
head(x)	tail(x)
summary(x)	str(x)
length(x)	dim(x)
dimnames(x)	attr(x,which)
nrow(x)	ncol(x)
NROW(x)	NCOL(x)
class(x)	unclass(x)

Polynomial regression

```
medv=b0+b1*Istat+b2*Istat^2
lm(medv ~ Istat + I(Istat^2), data = train.data)
lm(medv ~ poly(Istat, 2, raw = TRUE), data = train.data)
```

Spline Model

```
spline(x,y) [cubic spline interpolation]
splineKnots(object)
knots <- quantile(train.data$Istat, p = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75))
```

Step-wise Selection

```
null<- lm(Formula~1, data=dtrain)
full<-lm(Formula~.,data=dtrain)
step(null, scope=list(lower=null, upper=full),
direction="forward")
step(full, scope=list(lower=full, upper=null),
direction="backward")
```

Preprocessing

Transformations, filters, and other operations can be applied to the predictors with the **preProc** option.

train(, preProc = c("method1", "method2"), ...)

train determines the order of operations; the order that the methods are declared does not matter.

recipes package has a more extensive list of preprocessing operations.

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Published 26th February, 2019.

Last updated 26th February, 2019.

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