

Introduction

General principles that provide guardrails to engender trust between Health Information Networks (HINs). Six (6) categories

Source: <https://www.healthit.gov/sites/default/files/draft-guide.pdf>

Part A: Principles for Trusted Exchange

» Principle 1 - Standardization:

Adhere to industry and federally recognized standards, policies, best practices, and procedures.

» Principle 2 - Transparency:

Conduct all exchange openly and transparently.

» Principle 3 - Cooperation and Non-Discrimination:

Collaborate with stakeholders across the continuum of care to exchange electronic health information, even when a stakeholder may be a business competitor.

» Principle 4 - Security and Patient Safety:

Exchange electronic health information securely and in a manner that promotes patient safety and ensures data integrity.

» Principle 5 - Access:

Ensure that patients and their caregivers have easy access to their electronic health information.

» Principle 6 - Data-driven Accountability:

Exchange multiple records at one time to enable identification and trending of data to lower the cost of care and improve the health of the population

Part B: Minimum Required Terms & Conditions

A minimum set of terms and conditions for the purpose of ensuring that common practices are in place and required of all participants who participate in the Trusted Exchange Framework, including:

» Common authentication processes of trusted health information network participants;

» A common set of rules for trusted exchange;

» A minimum core set of organizational and operational policies to enable the exchange of electronic health information among networks.

