Cheatography

Stýrikerfi Cheat Sheet by davidsb via cheatography.com/27383/cs/7926/

Kafli 1

Instruction cycle is fetch, decode, execute
Cache er small, very fast memory on processor
for recently used memory content for quick
access

Memory Hierarchy. Fast, small, expensive on top, slow, large, cheap on bottom

Kafli 2

Objectives of OS: Conveniance, efficiency, evolution

Multiprogramming: Processes use the same Processor

Batch processing: One program executed before the next one is started

Processes: A program in execution

Resource management: Fairness, Differential responsiveness, effiency

Kafli 3

Instruction trace : Sequence of instructions executed for a process

Process states: ready, running, block, suspend.

Process control block: Contains information for OS to control processes

PCB Stack = Identification, State, priority, pc, memory pointers, context data, io status, accounting information.

Kernel mode has access to all, user should be restricted to protect the os.

Kafli 4

Process can have one or more threads.
Threads are execution units within processes while processes are binaries. Process has one process control block while threads gets it's own space on the stack and control block.
Threads share the state and resources of that process

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Single buffer - process writes to buffer than has to wait for I/O to write and reverse. Double buffer - Process can write to one buffer and read another, don't have to wait. Circular buffer uses more than 2 buffers.

Blocking i/o - process continues in non blocking, os takes over if it is blocking

Kafli 5

Race condition: "loser" makes the last change, affects all.

Mutual exclusion: only one process can access code or data

Producer/Consumer

Producer puts data in buffer, consumer takes data from buffer.

If there is no data consumer sleeps and producer wakes him when he adds data.

If buffer is full, producer sleeps and consumer wakes him when he takes data.

Reader/Writer problem

The conditions that must be satisfied are as follows

1. Any number of readers may simultaneously read the file

2.Only one writer at a time may write to the file, no reader may read it

Monitors must be invoked with a call to a monitor procedure. uses wait and signal, if no process is waiting the signal is lost.

Message passing: direct and indirect.

Kafli 6

Causes	Mutual exclusion, no preemption,
	hold and wait, circular wait

Prevention Eliminate on of the conditions.

Direct eliminates circular waiting, indirect the other 3. Very

conservative

Avoidance Dynamic decision if current resource request will cause

deadlock. Bankers algo

Detection Tests for deadlocks, consumes

cosiderable cpu time, liberal with resources.

100001000.

Starvation Where process is overlooked by scheduler even though it's ready

to run.

Kafli 7		
Partitioning		
Fixed equal	Program to big, use overlays, inefficient, internal fragmentation	
Fixed unequal	Chooses the smalles space it can fit in, might lead to swapping,memory might go unused, internal fragmentation	
Dynamic	Each process gets exactly what it needs, small holes, external fragmentation, compact	
Best fit	Chooses the block closest in size	
first fit	Chooses the next block which can hold the process. scan from beginning	
next fit	Starts for current position, finds block next available large enough	

Kafli 8

Translation lookaside buffer: checks the TLB table and if it's a hit it gets the frame number immediately and can add the offset and find the data it needs else it has to look up the address in the page table.

block

Page replacement: FIFO, LRU, Optimal, Clock.

kafli 9

Preemptive

preemptive

and non

Levels of scheduling	Long term, medium term, short term.
Long term	Controls what programs are admitted to the system for processing
medium term	if process starts in swap out it i added to medium term scheduler
Short term	when program becomes a process it is added to the short

term scheduler

Preemtive can take resources,

non preemptive can not



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