# Cheatography

Directrix

Parabolas with vertex (h,k)		Circles/Ellips
Opening up/down	$(x-h)^2 = \pm 4p(y-k)$	Tall Vertices
Vertical Focus	(h, k+p)	c <sup>2</sup> =a <sup>2</sup> -b <sup>2</sup> and
Directrix	y=k-p	Formulas for
Opening right/left	$(y-k)^2 = \pm 4p(x-h)$	points (+c ar
Horizontal Focus	(h+p, k)	generate fou

Any point on a parabola is equidistant from the parabola's focus and directrix

x=h-p

#### **Conic Cross-Sections Diagram**





Circles/Ellipses with center (h,k)		
Circle	$(x-h)^2+(y-k)^2=r^2$	
Circle Focus	(h,k)	
Circle Vertices	None	
Wide Ellipse	$(x-h)^2/a^2+(y-k)^2/b^2=1$	
Wide Foci	(h±c, k)	
Wide Vertices	(h±a, k±b)	
Tall Ellipse	$(x-h)^2/b^2+(y-k)^2/a^2=1$	
Tall Foci	(h, k±c)	



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## ses with center (h,k) (cont)

Tall Vertices	(h±b, k±a)	
c²=a²-b² and  a ≥ b >	0	
Formulas for foci generate two different		
points (+c and -c), and formulas for vertices		
generate four different vertices: (h+a,k) (h-		
a,k) (h,k+b) and (h,k-	-b)	
Distances between a	focal point to any	
point on the ellipse, p	olus the distance of the	
other focal point to th	at same point on the	
ellipse, gives a sum	of distances that is	
constant for any poin	t on the ellipse	
Wide Ellipse		

# Vortic Major axis Minor axis

Hyperbolas with center (h,k)		
Pair opening left and right	(x-h) <sup>2</sup> /a <sup>2</sup> -(y- k) <sup>2</sup> /b <sup>2</sup> =1	
Horizontal Foci	(h±c, k)	
Horizontal Vertices	(h±a, k)	
Asymptotes	y-k=±(b/a)(x-h)	
Pair opening up and down	(y-k) <sup>2</sup> /a <sup>2</sup> -(x- h) <sup>2</sup> /b <sup>2</sup> =1	
Vertical Foci	(h, k±c)	
Vertical Vertices	(h, k±a)	

### Hyperbolas with center (h,k) (cont)

Asymptotes y	/-k=±(a/b)(x-h)
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#### c²=a²+b², |a|≠0, |b|≠0

Formulas for foci generate two different points (+c and -c), formulas for vertices generate two different points (+a and -a), and formulas for asymptotes generate two different asymptotes (+(a/b) and -(a/b) or + (b/a) and -(b/a))

Distance of a focal point to a point on either hyperbola branch, minus distance of the other focal point to that same point on that same hyperbola branch, gives a value whose magnitude is constant for any point on either hyperbola branch

#### Horizontal Pair of Hyperbolas



Horizontal Hyperbola Asymptotes



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