Cheatography

Change Management Cheat Sheet by Corliss Thornton (corlisspt) via cheatography.com/23307/cs/6716/

Change Management

- Controls the lifecycle of all changes
- Responsible for formal assessment of a new or changed IT service
- Ensure that risks have been managed
- Helps determine whether to authorize the change.
- Enables beneficial changes to be made with minimum disruption to IT services.

Change Request Requirements

Impact statement/assessment

- Implementation Plan
- · Tasks or milestones needed to implement change
- · Back out plan
- Anticipated downtime start and end times

Draft customer notification of anticipated downtime

- Communications plan w/draft communications*
- Test Plan, Test Case, and Test Summary Report*
- Other plans as needed (e.g. capacity, transition, and release and deployment plans)*

(*) These items aren't required for every change. However, if you are unsure if it is required for your change request please check with the Change Manager.

Characteristics of a Standard Change

Low in risk, impact and visibility

Relatively common

The tasks are well known, documented and proven

There is a defined Roll-Back plan

Testing may be required

RFC Submitted into SDP

Pre-authorized change - CAB approval not required

Report weekly to CM/CAB



By Corliss Thornton (corlisspt) cheatography.com/corlisspt/

Published 22nd January, 2016. Last updated 7th December, 2017. Page 1 of 3. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com

Examples of a Standard Change

Any change that does not alter the specification of a Configuration Item (CI)

Testing of an application, service or development project that will be introduced as a part of normal change

**Some standard changes are not documented in the change management process; but instead are documented in incident management process using a ticket submitted to the Service Desk.

**However, a normal or emergency change may be triggered by a ticket in the incident management process

**Therefore, it is not a standard change just because it started as a ticket within the incident management process... you must evaluate each change or trigger individually

Note: This is not an all-inclusive list

Standard Change Requirements

• Notification of the implemented change to the Change Manager by the start of the weekly CAB meeting.

• A change request and/or incident report if determined that it should have been implemented as a Normal Change including communications and other documentation as relevant.

• Entry into the event schedule by the Change Manager.

_	Characteristics of a Standard Recurring Change	
	Reoccurs on a standard timeframe (weekly, bi-weekly, monthly, etc)	
	Has same characteristics as a Standard Change but requires approval by the CAB	
	Report completed occurrences to CM/CAB	
	Low in risk, impact and visibility	
	Relatively common	
	The tasks are well known, documented and proven	
	There is a defined Roll-Back plan	
	Testing may be required	
	RFC Submitted into SDP	

Cheatography

Change Management Cheat Sheet by Corliss Thornton (corlisspt) via cheatography.com/23307/cs/6716/

Examples of a Standard Recurring Change	Characteristics of an Emergency Change	
Any change that does not alter the specification of a Configuration Item	Requires immediate attention	
(CI)	Usually in response to break/fix issue. They should never occur because	
Testing of an application, service or development project that will be introduced as a part of normal change	of poor planning.	
	Restoring service, preventing an outage or repairing an error that is severely impacting business	
**It is possible for a recurring normal change that has been implemented	Testing reduced or forgone	
successfully a couple of times to become a standard recurring change for future deployments.	ECAB notified verbally or via email	
Note: This is not an all-inclusive list	RFC submitted w/in 1 business day of implementation or fix	
	ECAB approves	
Standard Recurring Change Requirements	The percentage of Emergency changes occurring in the environment	
Notification of the implemented change to the Change Manager by the		
start of the weekly CAB meeting. • A change request and/or incident report if determined that it should have	Examples of an Emergency Change	
been implemented as a Normal Change including communications and	A location is without a service	
other documentation as relevant.	There is a severe degradation of service needing immediate action	
Entry into the event schedule by the Change Manager.	A system/application/component failure causing a negative impact on	
Types of Changes	business operations	
Standard	An enterprise application is unavailable	
Standard Recurring	A response to a natural disaster	
Emergency	A response to an emergency business need	
Normal	A security breach requiring a patch to an enterprise server, enterprise application or a large number of workstations	
If a change is implemented outside one of these processes, it is an unauthorized change.	Hardware malfunction has required a SQL database to be restored to another server	
Note	Corrupt data from an interface requires the database to be restored from backup	
Most changes should go through the normal or standard change process.	Reboot of a domain controller in a network outage situation	
Emergency changes should not occur very often.	Nola.gov website is down	
If a change is implemented outside one of these three processes	Note: This is not an all-inclusive list	
(standard, normal, emergency), it is an unauthorized change.		



By Corliss Thornton (corlisspt)

cheatography.com/corlisspt/

Published 22nd January, 2016. Last updated 7th December, 2017. Page 2 of 3. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com

Cheatography

Change Management Cheat Sheet by Corliss Thornton (corlisspt) via cheatography.com/23307/cs/6716/

Emergency Change Requirements

- Submission of a Change Request within one business day after the issue has been resolved
- Post implementation review of the Emergency Change at the next CAB
 meeting
- May require submission of an incident report to the Change Manager and/or Security Administrator
- May require engagement of an incident response plan if the change request is the result of a hacker
- Communications may be needed

Characteristics of a Normal Change

Testing may be required

Not an emergency or standard change

RFC required w/ supporting documentation

CAB approves

Examples of a Normal Change

Change that results in business interruption during regular business hours

Changes in any system that affects disaster recovery or business continuity

Introduction or discontinuance of a service

Move new development projects into production

Create/update an image for a large number of computers

Apply/install an enterprise application upgrade, service pack, patch, hotfix, etc...

Apply/Install a server operating system patch, hotfix, service pack, etc...

Add, relocate or decommission a server

Implementing a new domain policy

Upgrading domain controller

Install or relocate a printer that is high impact for a mission critical function

Changes to active directory



By Corliss Thornton (corlisspt) cheatography.com/corlisspt/

Published 22nd January, 2016. Last updated 7th December, 2017. Page 3 of 3.

Examples of a Normal Change (cont)

Hardware failure to be fixed by a vendor

Note: This is not an all-inclusive list

Normal Change Requirements

See section: Change Request Requirements • Also requires approval by the CAB

Characteristics of an Unauthorized Change

Implemented without approval of Change Manager or CAB

Requires submission of incident report & RFC; maybe incident response plan

Reported to Change Mgr & Security Admin

CAB determines... Valid? Reversed? Privileges revoked? Disciplinary action?

Need more information?

If you need additional information or need in-depth information, read the "ITI Change Management Process" document or go through the Change Management Process training material.

> Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com