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4.1 Financial Assets		
Asset	Anything of value that can be converted into cash	Cash, real estate, jewelry, car, bonds, stocks
Liquidity	Ease (speed and value) with which an asset of	an be converted into cash
The Barter System	Goods and services are traded directly w/o exchange of money	Problems: 1) Each trader must have something the other wants 2) Some goods cannot be split (Ex: 1 goat = 5 chickens, goat = 1 chicken)
Securities	A form of ownership can be easily traded on a secondary market. INTANGIBLE invest- ment!	Stocks, bonds, mutual funds
Bond	An interest-bearing asset often issued by bus company. Bonds are sometimes referred to a	nesses or the govt. Bond holders have NO OWNERSHIP of the securities.
Why do bonds have an inverse relationship w int rates?	Most bonds pay a fixed int rate, so as int rates	s bonds become more desirable.
Stock	A security that gives you ownership in a comp	any
How can stockowners earn a profit?		are paid out to stockholders. <i>The higher the corporate profit, the</i> nen a stockholder sells stock for more than they paid for it.

С

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4.1 Financial Assets (cont)

 Treasury
 1) Treasury Bills (T-Bills) Mature in 1 yr or less. Sold @ < face (par) value & can't be redeemed before maturity2) Treasure</td>

 Securities
 Notes (T-Notes) Mature in 2-10 yrs. You collect semi-annual int ("coupon payments") and then cash it in for face value at

 (Open
 maturity 3) Treasury Bonds (T-Bonds) Mature in 20-30 yrs 4) Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) Par value adjusted to

 Market
 CPI semi-manually. 5, 10, 30 yr maturity.

Operations)

4.3 Defintion, Measurement, and Functions of Money

Money	Anything generally accepted as payment for goods and services. 1)	1) Commodity Money: Gold, silver, cigarettes, ramen
	Commodity Money: Something that performs the function of money but	3) Fiat Money: Paper money, coins
	also had alt uses 2) Commodity-Backed (Representative) Money: Paper	
	money backed by gold, silver. Guaranteed by a promise 3) Fiat Money:	
	Something that serves as money but has no other important uses	
Functions	1) Medium of Exchange An asset individuals use to trade for goods and	- 1) Medium of Exchange Retired couple spends \$9000
of Money	services rather than consumption 2) Unit of Account: Unit of measure of	on a month-long vacation 2) Unit of Account Name-
	the "value" of things. Used to set prices and make economic calculations.	brand good is 2x as \$ as a similar, generic good. 3)
	It is <i>divisible</i> (\$1 = 4 quarters), <i>fungible</i> (\$1 = \$1), & <i>countable</i> 3) Store of	Store of Value: HS senior deposits his part-time salary
	Value: Money holds purchasing PP for the future, and it doesn't die or	into a savings account. A bank invests \$10 million into
	spoil. Money = DURABLE.	a stock and bond portfolio.

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4.3 Defintio	n, Measurement, and Functions of Money (cont)	
Measur- ements of MS (Money Aggreg- ates)	 M1 Coins, paper currency, checkable deposits (including checking and debit accounts) M2 Near money accounts below \$100,000 including savings deposits, MM accounts, certificates of deposits. ALSO mutual funds, bonds, securities. M3 Near money accounts \$100,000+ including M2 	- 1) M1 Function: Medium of Exchange, Liquidity: High 2) M2 Function: Store of Value, Liquidity: Medium 3) M3 Function: Unit of Account, Liquidity: Low
What backs our money supply?	NO GOLD STANDARD - \$ is an IOU from the govt for all debts (public/private)	
Debit Card 🚍	- Money 🗹 A way to access checkable deposits (money)	
Credit Card 📟	- Money 🗙 Short-term loan w a high int rate if not paid off. Liability, not asset.	 You buy a shirt w a CC → Visa pays the store → You pay VISA the price of the shirt + interest and fees (maybe)

4.2 Nomir	4.2 Nominal and Real Interest Rates		
Nominal Int Rate	Int rate that hasn't been adjusted for inflation	NIR = RIR + inflation	
Real Int Rate	Int rate that has been adjusted for inflation	RIR = NIR - inflation	
	By chur7		

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