

### Core Modes

Mode	Syntax	Description
User	N/A	Default landing space
Privileged (from User)	{ enable }	Turn on privileged commands.
Global (from Privileged)	{ configure terminal }	Configure from the terminal.
Interface (from Global)	{ interface <interface> <#/#/> }	Select an interface to configure.
	{ interface range <interface> <#/#/#/> }	Select a range of interfaces to configure.
Line (from Global)	{ line console <#> }	Configure primary terminal line.
	{ line vty <#> <#> }	Configure virtual terminal line.

### Base Configuration

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	* { no ip domain-lookup }	Configure no IP DNS hostname translation.
	{ hostname <name> }	Configure system's network name.
	{ banner motd & <message> & }	Configure a login MOTD banner.
	{ enable secret <password> }	Configure privileged level encrypted password.
	{ service password-encryption }	Encrypt system passwords.
Interface	{ ip address <ip> <subnet> }	Configure IP address of an interface.
	{ no shutdown }	Configure interface port status up.
Line - Console	* { logging synchronous }	Configure synchronised message output.
	{ password <password> }	Configure password.
	{ login }	Enable password checking.
Line - VTY	{ password <password> }	Configure password.
	{ login }	Enable password checking.

\* Optional or alternative command(s).

### Show Commands

Device & Mode	Syntax	Description
Universal - Privileged	{ show access-lists }	Display access lists
	{ show arp }	Display ARP table.
	{ show cdp }	Display CDP info.
	{ show clock }	Display system clock.
	{ show dhcp }	Display DHCP status.



### Show Commands (cont)

{ show flash }	Display flash file system info.	
{ show history }	Display session command history.	
{ show interfaces }	Display interface status and config.	
{ show ip interface brief }	Display brief summary of IP status and config.	
{ show ip dhcp <...> }	Display items in the DHCP database.	
{ show logging }	Display the contents of logging buffers.	
{ show port-security interface <interface> <#/#/#> }	Display port security config.	
{ show running-config }	Display running config.	
{ show sessions }	Display info about Telnet connections.	
{ show startup-config }	Display start-up config.	
{ show ssh }	Display status of SSH server connections.	
{ show users }	Display info about virtual terminal lines.	
{ show version }	Display system hardware and software status.	
<b>Router - Privileged</b>	{ show ip route }	Display IP routing table.
	{ show ip nat }	Display IP NAT info.
	{ show ip <bgp/eigrp/ospf/rip> }	Display info on selected protocol.
	{ show protocols }	Display active network routing protocols.
<b>Switch - Privileged</b>	{ show dtp }	Display DTP info.
	{ show etherchannel }	Display etherchannel info.
	{ show mac }	Display MAC config.
	{ show mac-address-table }	Display MAC forwarding table.
	{ show vlan }	Display VTP VLAN status.
	{ show vtp }	Display VTP info.

To enable typing of privileged level commands in any mode, use { do <e.g. show command> } .



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### How To: Clear Device Configurations

Device & Mode	Syntax	Description
Universal - Privileged	{ erase startup-config }	Erase contents of config memory.
	{ write erase }	Erase NV memory.
Switch - Privileged	{ delete flash:vlan dat }	Delete the VLAN database.

### How To: Configure ACLs

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	* { access-list <#> <permit/deny> <ip> <wc mask> } { ip access-list <type> <acl_name> } { <permit/deny> <ip> <wc mask> } { exit }	Add an ACL entry. Configure named ACL. Specify packets to forward/reject. Return to Global mode.
Interface	* { interface <interface> <#/#/> } * { interface range <interface> <#/#/#/> } { ip access-group <acl_name> <in/out> }	
Line - VTY	{ line <line> <#> <#> }	Assign specified ACL to interface inbound/outbound traffic.
Global	{ access-class <ACL_name> <in/out> }	Assign specified ACL to line inbound/outbound traffic.
* Optional or alternative command(s).		

### How To: Configure Default Route

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 <isp_default_gateway> } { ip default-network <isp_default_gateway> }	

### How To: Configure DHCP

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ ip dhcp excluded-address <low ip> <high ip> } { ip dhcp pool <pool name> } { network <ip> <subnet> } { default-router <gateway ip> } { dns-server <dns ip> }	Configure prevent DHCP from assigning certain addresses. Configure DHCP address pools. Specify network to provide DHCP service for. Configure default router (gateway). Configure DNS servers.



### How To: Configure DHCP (cont)

```
{ exit }
```

```
{ interface <interface> <#/#/> }
```

**Interface** { ip helper-address <dhcp\_server\_ip> }

Configure DHCP relay.

The IP address range 169.254.## indicates Microsoft Automatic Private Addressing, which indicates a possible DHCP problem.

To release a DHCP assigned IP address, type { ipconfig /release } command in Windows CLI.

To renew a DHCP assigned IP address, type { ipconfig /renew } command in Windows CLI.

### How To: Configure IPv6

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ ipv6 unicast-routing }	Enable IPv6 unicast routing.
Interface	{ ipv6 address <global_prefix:subnet_id:interface_id/mask> }	Configure IPv6 address.

### How To: Configure L3 Switching

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ ip routing }	Enable routing on the switch.
	{ interface vlan <#> }	Select catalyst VLAN.
Interface	{ ip address <ip> <subnet>}	Configure IP address of VLAN.
	{ no shutdown }	Configure interface port status up.

### How To: Configure NAT

### How To: Configure Port Security

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ interface <interface> <#/#/> }	
	* { interface range <interface> <#/#/#/> }	
Interface	{ switchport mode access }	Configure interface port to access mode.
	{ switchport port-security }	Enable interface port security.
	{ switchport port-security mac-address <?> }	Configure secure mac addresses.
	{ switchport port-security maximum <?> }	Configure maximum secure addresses.
	{ switchport port-security violation <?> }	Configure security violation mode.

\* Optional or alternative command(s).



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### How To: Configure RIPv2

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ router <protocol> }	Configure routing protocol.
	{ version <#> }	Configure version.
	{ network <network ip> }	Specify network.
	* { no auto-summary }	Disable auto-summary.

\* Optional or alternative command(s).

### How To: Configure ROAS

Device & Mode	Syntax	Description
Router - Global	{ interface <interface> <#/#.#+> }	
Router - Interface	{ encapsulation dot1q <vlan #> }	Configure IEEE 802.1Q.
	{ ip address <ip> <subnet> }	Configure IP address.
Switch - Global	{ interface <interface> <#/#+> }	
Switch - Interface	{ switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q }	Configure trunking characteristics. ( <i>older models</i> )
	{ switchport mode trunk }	Configure trunking mode of the interface.
	{ switchport nonegotiate }	Configure disable engagement in negotiation protocol.

Good practice to correlate VLAN- and sub-interface numbers.

The VLAN will have the first address on the sub-interface network.

VLAN members to use sub-interface IP address as default gateway.

### How To: Configure SSH

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ ip domain-name <domain> }	Define default domain.
	{ crypto key generate rsa }	Generate RSA crypto key.
	{ username <user> secret <password> }	Establish User Name authentication.
Line - VTY	{ login local }	Enable local password checking.
	{ transport input <protocols> }	Define transport protocols for line.



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### How To: Configure Static Route

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ ip route <destination> <subnet> <gateway> <ad_#> }	Configure static route and assign AD.

### How To: Configure Switch Management Interface

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ interface <vlan> <#> }	Select native VLAN.
	{ ip address <ip> <subnet> }	Configure IP address of VLAN.
	{ no shutdown }	Configure interface port status up.

### How To: Configure VLANs

Mode	Syntax	Description
Global	{ vlan <#> }	Create VLAN.
	{ name <name> }	Configure VLAN name.
Interface	{ description <description> }	Configure interface description.
	{ switchport mode access }	Configure interface port to access only one VLAN
	{ switchport access vlan <#> }	Allocate interface port to VLAN.
	{ no shutdown }	Configure interface port status up.

Good practice to correlate VLAN- and interface numbers.



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