## Cheatography

## is450 Cheat Sheet

```
preprocessing pipeline
def corpus2docs(corpus):
    fids = corpus.fi leids()
    docs1 = []
    for fid in fids:
        doc_raw = corpus.ra w(fid)
        doc = nltk.w ord _to ken ize (do c_raw)
            doc s1.a pp end (doc)
    docs2 = [[w.lo wer() for w in doc] for doc in docs1]
    docs3 = [[w for w in doc if re.sea rch ('^ [a- z]+$', w)] for doc in docs2]
    docs4 = [[w for w in doc if w not in stop_list] for doc in docs3]
    docs5 = [[stem mer.st em(w) for w in doc] for doc in docs4]
    return docs5
def docs2v ecs (docs, dictio nary):
    # docs is a list of documents returned by corpus 2docs.
    # dictionary is a gensim.co rpo ra.D ic tionary object.
    vecs1 = [dicti ona ry.d oc 2bo w(doc) for doc in docs]
    tfidf = gensim.mo del s.T fid fMo del (vecsl)
    vecs2 = [tfidf [vec] for vec in vecs1]
    return vecs2
```

| POS tags |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| N (noun) | dog, cat, chair |
| V (verb) | read, write, get |
| ADJ (adjective) | pretty, smart, blue |
| ADV (adverb) | gently, carefully, <br> extremely |
| P (preposition) | in, on, by, with, about |
| PRO (pronoun) | I, me, mine, it, they... |
| CON (conju- | and, or, but, while, <br> because |
| INT (interjection) | ooh, wow, yeah |
| DET (deter- | all, his, they |
| miner) | have done, might do |
| AUX (auxiliary |  |
| verb) | look up, get on |
| PAR (particle) | one, two, three |
| NUM (numeral) |  |

Context-free grammar

2. re-assign each word to a topic, one by one, assuming all other assignments are correct

| hyperp- high \$alpha\$ --> documents <br> arameters feature a mixture of most <br> topics  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | high \$eta\$ --> topics feature a <br> mixture of most words |
| evaluation | coherence (PMI), human eval |

Sentiment-Topic Model (Plate Notation)

| Discourse Markers |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| causal | because |
| consequence | as a result |
| conditional | if |
| temporal | when |
| additive | and <br> [exemplification, re- <br> elabording] |
| contrastive/con- <br> cessive | but |

## Preparation for NLTK classifier

\#doc_tuple = (doc_representation, label)
> (\{'police':1, 'lawye r':1, 'court e')
\#train_set = [doc_tuple1, doc_tuple2, ...]

| Grammar = \{ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Wor ds/ tokens: |
| terminals, |  |
|  | Right possve: |
| tags, |  |
|  | slymtactic |
| tags, |  |
|  | stuntence |
| ]; |  |
| Rules: [ |  |
|  | X : node name, \#eg |

" VP" (verb phrase)
Y : sequence of
objects that make up X \#eg (V+NP)
]
\}

Morphemes
stems, affixes (prefix/suffix). Useful for POS
tagging and text normalization

| Semantics |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| synonyms | diff words, same <br> meaning |
| polyseme | same word, diff <br> meaning |
| hypernym/- <br> hyponym <br> meronym/m- <br> etonym | part >>> whole |



Cluster Purity
$P_{i}=\max _{j} P_{i j} \quad P_{i j}=\frac{\# \text { docs }(\text { class }=j, \text { cluster }=i)}{\# \text { docs }(\text { cluster }=i)}$

Overall purity


Cluster Entropy

$$
e_{i}=-\sum_{j=1}^{L} P_{i j} \log _{2} P_{i j}
$$

## Pointwise Mutual Information

$$
P M I\left(w_{i}, w_{j}\right)=\log \frac{p\left(w_{i}, w_{i}\right)}{p\left(w_{i}\right) p\left(w_{i}\right)}
$$

Published 16th April, 2023.
Last updated 17th April, 2023.
Page 2 of 2.

Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords!
http://crosswordcheats.com

