

Ancient Greek Language Cheat Sheet by charlotte.aax via cheatography.com/212034/cs/46039/

| Alphabet | | |
|--|---------|--|
| Αα | alpha | |
| Вβ | beta | |
| Γγ | gamma | |
| Δδ | delta | |
| Εε | epsilon | |
| Ζζ | zeta | |
| Ηη | eta | |
| Θθ | theta | |
| lı | iota | |
| Кк | kappa | |
| Λλ | lambada | |
| Μμ | mu | |
| Nv | nu | |
| Ξξ | xi | |
| Oo | omicron | |
| Пπ | pi | |
| Ρρ | rho | |
| Σσ/ς* | sigma | |
| Тт | tau | |
| Yu | upsilon | |
| Фφ | phi | |
| Χχ | chi | |
| Ψψ | psi | |
| Ωω | omega | |
| $^*\sigma$ is used in the middle of words, ς is used | | |

| vowels | |
|--------|-------|
| long | short |
| α | α |
| η | 3 |
| 1 | 1 |
| ω | 0 |
| U | U |

| Particles | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| ἆρα | used to introduce a yes/no question without using an interrogative word | |
| ἀλλά | but, on the other hand | |
| καί | and, even, actually | |
| μέν δέ | on the one hand on the other hand | |

| nouns | |
|--------|---------------------------|
| Gender | Masculine - ò |
| | Feminine - ή |
| | Neuter - то́ |
| Number | Singular |
| | Dual |
| | Plural |
| Case | Nominative- subject |
| | Accusative- direct object |
| | Genitive- possession |
| | Dative- indirect object |
| | Vocative |
| | |

| The Definite Article | | | |
|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------|
| Case | feminine | masculine | neuter |
| Singula | ar | | |
| N | ή | ò | τó |
| Α | τήν | TÓV | τó |
| G | τῆς | TOÛ | тоû |
| D | ΤĤ | τŵ | τŵ |
| Plural | | | |
| N | αί | oi | τά |
| Α | τάς | τούς | τά |
| G | τῶν | τῶν | τῶν |
| D | ταῖς | τοῖς | τοῖς |
| | | | |

| First and Second Declension Nouns | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|
| Case | First Declension (Feminine α) | Second Declension (Masculine o) | |
| Singula | ar | | |
| N | -η/α | -ος | -OV |
| Α | -ην/αν | -OV | -OV |
| G | -ης/ας | -OU | -OU |
| D | -η/α | -ψ | -ώ |
| V | -η/α | 3- | -OV |
| Plural | | | |
| N | -αι | -OI | -α |
| Α | -ας | -ους | -α |
| G | -ŵv | -ων | -ων |
| D | -αις | -0Ιζ | -οις |
| V | -αι | -α | -α |
| | | | |

| Pre | nnei | itio | n |
|------|------|------|-------|
| 1 10 | 003 | ILIO | TI IS |

| Verbs | |
|-------|---|
| Tense | Present- I am falling |
| | Imperfect- I was falling |
| | Future- I will be falling |
| | Simple future- I will fall |
| | Aortist- I fell |
| | Perfect- I have fallen |
| | Pluperfect- I had fallen |
| | Future perfect- I will have fallen |
| Mood | Indicitive |
| | Subjunctive |
| | Optative |
| | Imperative |
| Voice | Active- Subject performs action |
| | Middle- Subject performs action but has an interest in the action |
| | Passive- Subject receives action |



at the end of words

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'Contract' verbs

Verbs with a stem that ends in α , ϵ , or o often end up 'contracted' over time. That is to say that when the vowel from the stem ends up next to the vowel from an ending, a vowel sound usually "wins", out-competing the other. For example, The uncontracted form of "I see" is "opa\omega." However, over time, the verb 'contracts' and becomes "-op\omega", dropping the less "powerful" alpha sound.

| Present Indicitive Active | | |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|
| Person | Singular | Plural |
| 1st | -ω | -ομεν |
| 2nd | -εις | -818- |
| 3rd | -81 | -ουσι(ν) |

| Imperative (active) | | |
|---------------------|------|--|
| singular | -8 | |
| plural | 3T3- | |

note that the pl. imperative mood has the same ending as the 2nd person pl. indicative mood (-ετε). Use context clues to figure out the mood.

NEGATIVE- To make an imperative negative, i.e. to tell someone *not* to do something, put "μή" ahead of the verb. For example, μή βαίνε means "do not go!"

| Irregular: Present Indicative Active of εἰμί | | |
|--|-----------|--|
| Translation | Verb Form | |
| I am | εἰμί | |
| You are (s.) | εἶ | |
| he/she/it is | ἐστί(ν) | |
| we are | ἐσμέν | |
| you are (pl.) | ἐστέ | |
| they are | εἰσί(ν) | |

| Irregular: Present Indicitive Active of oî $\delta\alpha$ | | |
|---|-----------|--|
| Translation | Verb Form | |
| I know | οἷδα | |
| You know (s.) | οἷσθα | |
| he/she/it knows | οἷδε | |
| we know | ἴσμεν | |
| you know (pl.) | ἴστε | |
| they know | ἴσασι | |

| Present Indicitive Middle | | |
|---------------------------|----------|--------|
| Person | Singular | Plural |
| 1st | -ομαι | -ομεθα |
| 2nd | -ῃι/σαι | -εσθε |
| 3rd | -εται | -ονται |
| | | |

| Imperative (middle) | | |
|---------------------|-------|--|
| singular | -OU | |
| plural | -εσθε | |

C

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