Cheatography

Chemistry 1030: Unit 5 - Bonding and Nomenclature Cheat Sheet by chantalcramm via cheatography.com/169234/cs/35427/

Review

Valance Electron: Group Number.

Compound: A substance composed of two or more elements in fixed, definite proportions.

Forming lons

Atoms of metals have few valance electrons (1-2) thus they tend to lose electrons to form a positive ion (cations).

Atoms of non-metals have many valance electrons (4-7) thus they tend to gain electrons to form negative ions (anions).

They do this to become stable in their outer shell.

Ionic Bonding: Type I

Format:	Name of Cation (metal)	Base Name of Anion (non-metal) + <i>ide</i>
Example:	NaCl	Sodium Chloride
	MgBr ²	Magnesium Brom <i>ide</i>

Roman Numerals 1 = I 3 = III 5 = V 7 = VII 2 = II 4 = IV 6 = VI 8 = VIII

Ionic Bonding: Type II				
Format:	Name of Cation (metal)	(Charge of cation (metal) in roman numerals)	Base name of Anion (non-m- etal) + <i>ide</i>	
Example: CuCl	Copper	(I)	Chlor <i>ide</i>	



By chantalcramm

cheatography.com/chantalcramm/

Ionic Bonding: Type II (cont)

CuCl ²	Copper	(II)	Chlor <i>ide</i>
VSEPR T	heory		
VSEPR:	electron gr	oups (lo ds, or m	the idea that ne pairs, ultiple bonds)

VSEPR Ther

Drawing	the Lewis Structure/Bonding
Step One [.]	Draw the lewis structure for each
Step	covalent compound. Identify the bonds as single,
Two:	double, or triple.
Step	Label the bonding and non-bo-
Three:	nding electrons.

Example



Bonding - Why?

Octet Rule: Atoms bond in such a way as to obtain a full outer shell (8).

Bonding involved valance electrons only. In general, atoms either transfer or share electrons to obtain a full outer shell (8).

Valance electrons are responsible for the chemical properties of an atom.

Not published yet. Last updated 13th November, 2022. Page 1 of 2.

Ionic Bonding: Dot and Cross



Naming Compounds: Nomenclature

Is it Ionic? (Metal + One or more non-metals) If so go to Type I and Type II. OR

Is it Covalent? (All non-metals)

If so go to Type III.

Electron Groups

To determine the shape of a molecule, count only electron groups around the central atom.

Each of the following is consider *one electron group*:

Non-Bonding Pair - (A lone *pair* of electrons)

Bonding Electrons - (single, double, or triple)

Example: CH⁴ has 4 electron groups (4 single bonds, 0 lone pairs)

Drawing Molecular Geometries		
Straight Line:	Bond in plane of paper.	
Hashed Line:	Bonding going into paper.	
Wedge:	Bond coming out of the paper.	

Sponsored by **Readable.com** Measure your website readability! https://readable.com

Cheatography

Terms One pair of electrons shared Single between two atoms (Cl²) Bond: Two pairs of electrons shared Double Bond: between two atoms. (O²) Triple Three pairs of electrons Bond: shared between two atoms. (N^2) Electrons shared between Bonding Electrons: atoms. Non-Bo-Electrons only found on one nding atom. (Lone pairs) Electrons: Overall: Draw the lewis structure and determine how they will bond with one another to have full outer shells (8). Identify the bonding and nonbonding electrons.

Summary	
Ionic Bonding:	Covalent Bonding:
Metal + One or more non-metals.	All non-metals.
Electrons are transf- erred.	Electrons are shared.
lons are formed.	lons are not formed.
Ex. NaHCO ³ or NaCl	Ex. F^2 or CO^2

Prefixes	5			
1 =	3 =	5 =	7 =	9 =
Mono	Tri	Penta	Hepta	Nona
2 = Di	4 =	6 =	8 =	10 =
	Tetra	Hexa	Octa	Deca

by chantalcramm via cheatography.com/169234/cs/35427/

Covalent Bonding: Type III				
Format:	Prefix	Base	Prefix	Base
		name		name o
		element		elemen
		1		2 + <i>ide</i>
Example: N ² O	Di	nitrogen	Mono	x <i>ide</i>
IF ³		lodine	Tri	Fluor <i>ide</i>
B^2H^8	Di	boron	Octa	hydr <i>ide</i>
CS ²		Carbon	Di	sulf <i>ide</i>



Chemistry 1030: Unit 5 - Bonding and Nomenclature Cheat Sheet



Drawing more)	Lewis Structures (2 Atoms or
Step One:	Draw the lewis structure for each atom separetly.
Step Two:	The atom that has the most unpaired electrons is the central atom.
Step Three:	The other atoms will share electrons with the central atom.

Example

```
OF<sub>2</sub> Lewis Structure
        • F - Ö - F •
G
OF
MOLECULES
```

By chantalcramm

Not published yet. Last updated 13th November, 2022. Page 2 of 2.

Sponsored by Readable.com Measure your website readability! https://readable.com

cheatography.com/chantalcramm/