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ICU Drugs Crib Cheat Sheet by Claire Badawi (CB1) via cheatography.com/121361/cs/22184/

Sedation/Analgesia Infusions			Sedation/Analgesia Infusions (cont)			Cardiovascular Drugs		
Drug	Dose Range	Additional information	Ketamine IV	Loading dose:	May lower seizure	Drug	Dose Range	Additional information
Fentanyl IV	25-400- mcg/hr	Opiate of choice in renal impairment	(analg- esia)	0.2mg/kg (ABW) ST. Initial main	te- inogenic and	Adenosine	3mg bolus	Rapid intrav- enous injection. If no
Propofol IV	0- 300mg/hr Max 4mg/kg/hr (IBW)	Short acting. No analgesic proper- ties. Hypotensive effect.		nance: 0.3mg/kg/ł (ABW) and titrate (up 0.6mg/kg/ł	MOT indicated for 'normal' nr) acute pain.			response after 1-2 min, give 6mg. If no response after 1-2 min, give
Midazolam IV	0- 10mg/hr	Accumulates in renal impairment and in obesity – may take days to clear	monitoring Ketamine: administrat	Patients should ideally have EEG or BIS monitoring to assess level of sedation. Ketamine: Different vial strengths and administration rates used for bronchospasm & asthma vs analgesia.		Amiodarone	1 hour (pres	12mg se of 300mg over scribe as a STAT n start infusion of r 23 hrs
Morphine IV	1- 10mg/hr	Avoid use in renal impairment	Paralysis	Paralysis		Digoxin	IV/PO/- Enteral	Maintenance dose 62.5-250
Thiope- ntone IV	3-8mg/- kg/hr (ABW)	mg/- Used for raised Dr hr ICP. Risk of 3W) accumulation. At Can cause disruption of potassium homeostasis. Aim K+ to be lower end of normal range Ci	Drug Atracurium Cisatr- acurium	Dose Range	Additional inform- ation Used for cardio- vascularly stable patients at low risk of bronchospasm. Histamine release. Short duration of action Lacks histamine- releasing effects		loading dose of 0.5-1mg in 1-2 divided doses 4-8 hours apart, dependent on response	mcg/day depending on plasma levels and clinical response. Therapeutic plasma level 0.8 – 2micro- gram/L
					therefore used in cardiovascularly unstable patients at risk of bronch- ospasm. More	GTN IV	0.5-10 mg/hr	rw every 24hr due to ceiling effect
				ospas poten longer action		Labetolol IV	15-120 mg/hr	
					potent & slightly longer duration of action than atracurium			
			Rocuroniu	m	Most rapid onset of non-depolarising agents			
			check local guidelines for dose ranges and availability of monitoring such as train of four and BIS. Be aware of renal function and dose adjustments.					
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Inotropes/Vasopressors				
Drug	Dose Range	Additional information		
Noradr- enaline	0.01 – 1 mcg/kg/min (IBW)	>0.25mcg/- kg/min – seek senior review		
Adrenaline	0.01 – 1 mcg/kg/min (IBW)	>0.25mcg/- kg/min – seek senior review		
Dobutamine	2.5 – 20 mcg/kg/min (IBW)			
Terlipressin	0.05-0.2 mg/hour			

Monitor for excessive peripheral vasoconstriction and raised lactate.

DrugDose RangeAdditional inform- ationAminop- hylline IV5mg/kgPatients taking oral theophylline IIoadingoral theophylline IIoadingoral theophylline IIoaceaminophyllineIten 0.3- Ishould not receive aloading dose.Ifer 0.3- IStart continuous infusion at adjust according to plasma theophylline concen- itrationSalbutamol0.18-1.2 "Jr.	Respiratory			
hylline IVloading doseoral theophylline / aminophyllinehylline IVloading doseaminophyllinethen 0.3-should not receive a loading dose.1a loading dose.mg/kg/hr (IBW)Start continuous infusion at 0.5mg/kg/hr and adjust according to plasma theoph- ylline concen- trationSalbutamol0.18 – 1.2 mg/hr	Drug	2000		
		loading dose then 0.3- 1 mg/kg/hr	oral theophylline / aminophylline should not receive a loading dose. Start continuous infusion at 0.5mg/kg/hr and adjust according to plasma theoph- ylline concen-	
		0.18 – 1.2 mg/hr		

Respiratory (cont)			
Epopro- stenol nebulised	5 – 20 nanogr- ams/kg/ min (ABW)	For pulmonary hypertension or hepato-pulmonary syndrome	
Ketamine IV (Bronc- hospasm & asthma)	0.5 – 2.5 mg/kg/hr (ABW)	Dose should be maintained at the minimum amount providing adequate response; increased adverse cardiovascular effects with increased dose	

Ketamine: Different vial strengths and administration rates used for analgesia

VTE Prophylaxis					
Renal function	Drug	Patient Weight (ABW)	Dose		
eGFR> 30ml/min	Enoxaparin S/C	<50kg	20mg OD		
		50- 100kg	40mg OD		
		101- 150kg	80mg OD (or 40mg BD)		
		>150kg	120mg OD (or 60mg BD)		
eGFR < 30ml/min or RRT	Heparin S/C	<100kg	5000 units BD		
		>100kg	5000units TDS		

Prokinetics Additional information Drug Dose Range Avoid long-term use, Metocl 10mg TDS due to risk of neuroloprogical side effects amide (max 3-5 IV days) Erythr-250mg Risk of prolonged QTc syndrome - daily omycin 6hourly IV ECGs Review daily

Stress Ulcer Prophylaxis

Pantoprazole 40mg IV OD or Omeprazole 40mg IV.

If patient is absorbing enteral feed for >24 hours or E+D, stop PPI or consider switch to PO PPI.

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