Econ 175 Cheat Sheet

by carol2008 via cheatography.com/79007/cs/19225/



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X: Goods (p=1)
p: cost/kid
w:salary
c:time/kid
N: # of kids
T: total time (T=L+cN)
I:other income

Change variables

change I	change W(increase)
Effect:	Effect: 1.effect on N is
1.consume	ambiguous. 2. slope changes.
more X	3. 2 effect evolved.(1)income:
and N. 2.	more N.(more \$ can spend on
curve shift	fixed cost of kids) 2. substi-
up 3. slope	tute: less N(OC cost of kids
unchanged	increase)

Why marry? Who marry who?(Lab10)

Odds ratio	1: neutral. no positive or negative sorting
(F[1,1] <i>F[2,-</i> <i>2])/(F[1,2]-</i> F[2,1]	2. A value close to 0 : very negative sorting;
	3. high values (10, 100+) , very positive sorting.
Why called the odds-ratio: The numerator is the odds of being in cell [1,1] compared to [1,2], and the denominator is odds of being in cell [2,1] compared to [2,2]. If there were no tendency to marry one sex rather than the other, the odds of marrying a "male" would be the same for	
denominator is o compared to [2,2 If there were no rather than the o marrying a "male	o [1,2], and the odds of being in cell [2,1] 2]. tendency to marry one sex other, the odds of e" would be the same for
denominator is of compared to [2,2 If there were no rather than the of marrying a "male females and ma	to [1,2], and the odds of being in cell [2,1] 2]. tendency to marry one sex other, the odds of e" would be the same for les and the

income VS substitution effect

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Becker's QQ fertility model

Utility: U = U(X, n, q)

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Constrain:X + p_{C}qn = I
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 $n=(I-x)/(qp_{C})$

goods (X)

number of kids (n)

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"higher quality" child (q)
I:total income
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Interaction between q and q Total child costs = pnn + pqq + pcqnpn per child price (of any quality) (pregnancy, -contraception, ...) pg per quality price (independent of n) (a set of encyclopedias, ...) pc price depending on q & N (school fees, visits to doctor, new shoes, ...) How much does it cost to increase n by +1? mn~ pn+pcq How much does it cost to increase q by +1? mq~ pq+pcn reason for low fertility rate: (1) costs of contraception fall - causing n to go down because fewer unintended births. (2) Price of a unit of quality goes down too and people purchase more q. (3) But price per child goes up. This has a further negative effect on the number of kids, n. (4) Which can result in further increases in q and further declines in n until a new equilibrium is reached

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why fertility decline irreversibility?	
	ga
Fertility generally falling over time as wages rise • Puzzle: why in economic crisis doesn't fertility rise again – as wages go down? • Possible answer: – Norms about child quality appear fairly irreversible.	1.e om of sca 2.r eh
- So to reduce pcqn, parents reduce n	go
Summary (1) Quantity-quality interaction good for explaining demographic transition (rapid, big fertility declines) • Cost-of-time model good for explaining more recent trends, especially as female wages rise • Can combine two models	3.k n-cc hild 4.k cau bui ma ge
Summary (2)	sp cifi
	ca
Answers to puzzle of how fertility could fall with economic growth	Co
1. It doesn't (because income effect	

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1. dominates)

2. It does, substitution effect (cost of time) dominates

3. Parents get utility from quality, too. And so once fertility starts falling, big shifts toward quality. 20

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Becker's theory of "gains to marriage"
gains:come from comparative advantage

0		
1.econ omies of scale	ES:Easier and cheaper to vacuum 2 rooms	
2.hous ehold public goods	PG:A clean house, magazines	
3.K:ow n-c- hildren	Biological children,provide utility to both parents	
4.K: can build marria- ge spe- cific capital	partners. Important point: a contract (to stay together) provides incentive to invest in marriage-specific capital. Risky without contract.	
Comparative Advantage vs Production possibility frontiers		
why not just live with roommates? 1.own children 2.Marriage contract		

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