

Osteology of Maxilla and Mandible Cheat Sheet by Carm (Carmilaa) via cheatography.com/49544/cs/15237/

Anatomy Review:

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Skull Anatomy: Inferior View



Mandible: Medial View

Carotid canal
Mandible: External Surface
Jugular foramen
Lateral View



a. Anterior view parietal bone — coronal sulture tronal bon temporal bone — sphanou sphanou sphanou sphanou sepamoul sulture — sphanou sepamoul sulture — sphanou sepamoul sulture — sphanou sepamoul sulture — sphanou sphanoul sulture — sphanoul sphanoul

Forehead: Landmarks

Bone

- > Supraciliary Arches
- > Glabella
- > Supra-orbital Foramen/notch

>Zygomatic process of Frontal Bone > Frontal
Process of
Zygomatic
Bone

Skull:

22 bones (excluding ossicles of ear)

Bones attached by *sutures* (immovable) and make up the *cranium*

Cranium: Upper part, surrounds cranial cavity

Facial Skeleton: Lower ant. part

Calvaria: Paired Temporal bones, Paired Parietal bones, Frontal, Sphenoid, Ethmoid and Occipital bones.

Facial: Paired Nasal bones, Paired Zygomatic bones, Paired Palatine bones, Paired Lacrimal bones, Paired Maxillae, Paired Inter Nasal Conchae and Vomer.

MANDIBLE = NOT PART OF CRANIUM OR FACIAL SKELETON

Zygomatic and Nasal Bones:

Lower lateral rim of orbit and lateral part of inferior rim of orbit = formed by **Zygomatic Bone**

Landmarks:

- > Frontal Nasal Suture (formed by articulation of nasal bones)
- > Nasion > Frontal Process of Maxilla
- > Piriform > Nasal Crests
- > Paired Inferior Nasal Conchae

Mandible: Internal Surface



Mandible:

Most inferior structure in ant. view of skull

Consists of: Body (ant.) and Ramus (post) - these 2 meet at angle of mandible

Body: > Lower Part: base - has midline swelling (mental protuberance) where 2 left and right sides meet. >Upper part: Alveolar segment (contains teeth and tooth sockets)

Mental foramen: visible between upper and border, between 1st and 2nd premolars, openings on ext. surface, passage for mental nerves and blood vessels.

Oblique Ridge: passes from ramus onto body, point of attachment for muscles that depress lower lip.

Mandible: (cont)

Condyler Process: Involved in articulation of mand. w/ glenoid fossa and temporal bone.

Coronoid Process: Thin upward projections on ant. surface of ramus, attachment for temporalis muscle

Mandibular Notch: Depress between coronoid processes and condyles

Mandibular Foramen: Opening on inner surface of body, allow passage of Alveloar nerves and blood vessels.

Lingula: Attachment for mandibular end of Sphenomandibular ligament

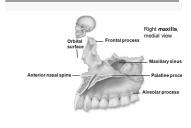
Mandibular Symphasis: Verticle midline fusion between 2 embryonic ossification centers (form body).

Mylohyoid Groove

Rami: Flattened, projected upwards

Angle: Where body joins ramus

Maxilla: Sagittal View



Maxilla: Medial Frontal view





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Maxilla:

Part of face, between orbit and upper teeth

Upper jaw is formed by: Paired Maxillae

Contribute superiorly to inferior and medial rims of orbit

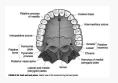
Zygomatic process = articulates with Zygomatic bone (medially)

Frontal process = articulates with frontal bone

Landmarks:

- > Body of Maxilla
- > Infra Orbital Foramen
- > Alveolar Process

Hard Palate:





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