

English 09 - Poetry Cheat Sheet by candy_s via cheatography.com/46463/cs/13715/

Rhyme

can involve assonance & alliteration

assonance - similar sounding words on the vowel sound, repetition of similar vowel sounds, (a, e, i, o, u, y)

ex - the rain in Spain falls mainly on the plain

alliteration - repetition of similar consonants/sounds, usually in consonants or consonants clusters, (y and everything else other than vowels)

ex - he was tried for his treachery but was the truest on earth

Rhythm

based on the # of syllables to a line

Volume

voiced

Consonants

unvoiced

Syllable

one unit of sound

vowel = central sound that helps consonants to be heard, voiceless c are heard on voiced vowels

Blank Verse

unrhymed iambic pentameter

Shakespaere wrote most of the lines in his play in blank verse

lamb

a unit of rhythm consisting of an unstressed syllable followed by a stress

ex - annoyed, pretend

1st syllables is usually unstressed (unaccented) and the 2nd one is stressed

can also consist a word w/ a single unstressed s followed by another word w/ a single stressed s

lamb (cont)

smay consist a final unstressed s of a word then followed by a stressed s at the start of the next work

lambic Pentamenrer

pent = five imabs

meter = frequency of a rhythmic units

Beat Poetry

famous writers - Ginsberg, Kerouac

rejected academic formalism of the American middle class, large free verses, often surrealistic (drastically realistic), and was influenced by jazz

Sonnets

1st written in Italian, traditionally were love poems

remained true to the original length of 14 lines and to iambic pentameter

usually written in parts of a series, w/ each sonnet connected to the previous one, many could stand alone as a secerate poems

can be divided into 2 section: presents the theme, raises an issue or doubt 2: answers the question, solves the problem

2 kinds of sonnets: Italian (Petrarchan), English (Shakespeare) contains 3 quatrains and 1 couplet, rhyme scheme: abab cdcd efef gg

Simile

direct comparison between 2 unlike things

introduced by the work "like" or "as"

creates a scene image that makes the 2 things seem similar

often compares an abstract thing/idea to a concrete thing/idea

ex - his hands were like wild birds

Metaphor

acts in a similar way as similar but doesn't use the words "like" or "as"

the bridge between 2 things compared is the word "is" or "are"

ex - an aged man is a tattered coat upon a stick

Juxtaposition

acts in the same way as simile & metaphor

no words are used to bridge the comparison

things compared are placed side by side, so reader mentally assumes a comparison

ex - black car rumbling at a red light; bull pawing the ground while red cape flutters

Abstract

something separate from physical object

can't be seen, heard, smelled, touched or tasted, but are understood as real

ex - happiness, sweetness

Concrete

physical objects that can be experienced from the 1 of the 5 senses

ex - roses, fries

Imagist Poems

unfixed form, not a sonnet

variety, irregularity, indivisuality

free verse (no rhyme or rhythm)

strong visual image

expressions & communication of a momentary experience is most important

concreteness (real)



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Not published yet. Last updated 30th November, 2017. Page 1 of 1. Sponsored by ApolloPad.com

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