

Linux Command Sheet Cheat Sheet

by Mary F. Smith (boogie) via cheatography.com/86236/cs/20137/

Information	
pwd	print working directory
cat	print file [on screen]
hostname	display hostname
	-i [displays network address] -l [displays all local IPs]
date	set/display date & time
whois	
uptime	display how long the system has been running
cal	displays calendar
uname -a	displays Linux system info
uname -r	displays kernel info
lsb_release	-s

Manage Users	
su -	switch to root user & move to that directory
adduser	add new user
usermod -aG sudo username	add user to sudo list
groups username	list groups a user belongs too
su mfsmith	switch to listed user mfsmith
passwd	change password for current user name
passwd mfsmith	change password for listed user
adduser mfsmith -or- useradd mfsmith	Creates a new user
usermod mfsmith	modify username account
deluser mfsmith -or- userdel	Deletes user
deluser mfsmithremoveall-files	Deletes the user and removes all files in directory
getent powerusers less	print user groups
usermod -l newusername oldusername	change user name
sudo chfn mfsmith	edit basic info i.e. full name, room #, phone #

Process Management	
ps	displays users current processes
ps -ef	displays all processes
pmap	displays memory usage
pstree	display in a tree

Process Management (cont)	
ps -ef grep wa	display all info reference this process
ps kill 84679	kill process id 84679
ps killall java	kill all processes named java
top	show all running proicesses

Disk/Hardware Mgmt		Ì
df -h	disk usage	
ps	running processes	

System Monitoring	
whoami	display user
uptime	system run time
cat /proc/cpuinfo	
free -h	display free memory}
Ishw	print hardware configuration
last reboot	disaply date & time of last reboot
W	display currently logged in users

Searching	
locate [name of file]	searches system & locates that directory
findname [9414811_497- 94.pdf]	search in current directory for file name
find /home -name *.jpg	search file type in listed directory
Using GREP	grep searches for patterns in files
grep -r	
command grep	searches the output of a command

OS Maintenance	
sudo apt update	check for updates in current version
apt-get install docker	install docker
apt-get updater && apt-get upgrade	

Misc Need Organizing	
ssh mfsmith@srv-tower	log into machine
scp mfsmith@srv-tower :srv-dc	
scp <username.@<host:[remote <local.<="" sourse]="" td=""><td>copies files from the host to the destination</td></username.@<host:[remote>	copies files from the host to the destination



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Working with Processes

pstree | display a tree of processes

systemctl proces- | control the systemd init system & service

sname manager

Working with File Permissions

chmod 777	assign read, write & execute to all users
[name of file]	
chmod 755	read, write & execute for owner - read &
[name of file]	execute for all other users
chmod 766	full permission to owner - read and write to

[name of file] others

SuperUser

su - Change to superuser & stay at root directory

General Maintenance

Update & Upgrade the Debian OS

sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get upgrade

Installs - Frequently Used

vagrant@debian11:/ sudo apt-get install nano -y

Basic Network Mgmt

vagrant@debian11:/ ip -c link show	displays network devices
vagrant@debian11:/ sudo cp /etc/network/interfaces ~/	creates a copy of the network file
vagrant@debian11:/ sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces	opens the network file for editing i.e. creating a static IP

The loopback network interface

auto lo

iface lo inet loopback

The primary network interface

-auto enp0s3

iface enp0s3 inet static

-address 192.168.1.97

-netmask 255.255.255.0

-gateway 192.168.1.1

-dns-domain example.com

-dns-nameservers 1.1.1.1

sudo systemctl restart networking

Directory Structure

Directory Structure (cont)	
/lib	shared library files and kernel modules
/usr	user utilities and apps
/dev	device files i.e. mouse, keyboard, harddrive, etc.
/sbin	system binary files
/opt	option software
/media	temp storage/flash drives

Directory Colors	
Blue Directory	Yellow Device
Green Executable	Magenta Graphic Image
Cyan symbolic Link	Red Archive File
	Red & Black Broken link

Working	with Directories
ls	list contents of current directory
ls -r	list files in subdirectories
ls -al	list files with directories, size, permissions etc.
Is-I	llist files and permissions
	r [read] w[write] x [execute] -= [no permissions
ls -a	list contents of current directory including hidden files
ls -lart	long, include hidden, ,
Is -d*/	list directories
cd ~	jump to users home
cd	jump to last directory
cd /	jump to root home directory
cd -	previous working directory
cd//	back up two levels

File Management	
cp file name [-r creates destination]	
mv Linux Command Cheatsheet to Linux Command Line Cheatsheet	is also for renaming
cat filename	
less	
mkdir\rm directory	
rm	

cd

1	root directory of operating system
/etc	host system config files
/var	storage for file which grow in size
/bin	user binary files i.e. cat, grep, etc.
/proc	system processes
/srv	system services
/mnt	ppermenet storage
/home	home directory for logged in user



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Troubleshooting		
usermod command not for	und	
	use su - instead of su root	
wget command not found		
	sudo apt-get install wget	
	usermod command not for	

Issue: cannot access repositories

Resolution: manually add site via nano /etc/apt/sources.list

Basic	Mariad	b Corr	nmands

Log into DB sudo systemctl enable mysql

sudo systemctl restart mysql

sudo mysql -u root -p

Basic Querie	S
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select user from mysql.user; | displays all database users show grants for 'zabbix'@'locahosts' | displays user privileges set password for 'zabbix'@'localhost = password ('zabbix');

Install Mariadb-Server

sudo apt install mariadb-server

sudo mysql_secure_installation

sudo mariadb

CREATE DATABASE example_database;

ALTER DATABASE test CHARACTER SET='utf8' COLLATE='utf-8 bin':

GRANT ALL ON example_database.* TO 'example_user'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'password' WITH GRANT OPTION;

FLUSH PRIVILEGES;

exit

sudo mariadb -u example_user -p

SHOW DATABASES;

Networking Command/Queries

ip a | display IP Address, routing, devices and tunnels
netstat | displays all active TCP connections, ports

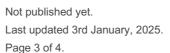
-nutlp [displays tcp/udp ports & application running on port]

-e [includes ethernet stats] -o [includes PIDs] -p [displays protocols] r [displays routing table]

ping | test communication with machines
traceroute srv-dc | print packet route

host | DNS lookup utililty





Networking Command/Queries (cont)	
hostname	show or set system name
iptables	lutililty for packet filtering and NAT
mtr	network diagnostic tool
telnet	access to the telnet tool
ufw	application to mange filters and firewalls
mtr	diagnostic tool
nbtstat	displays netbios over tcp
arp	displays caches apr table
pathping	disaplys info about network latency/loss between hops
tcpdump	

Firewall	
sudo apt-get install ufw	install firewall application
sudo ufw allow 'Nginx HTTP'	allow application to pass through firewall
sudo ufw status	check firewall status
sudo ufw disable	disable firewall
sudo ufw enable	enable firewall
sudo ufw allow 22	allow port number to pass
sudo ufw reset	reset firewall