Web Application PenTesting Cheat Sheet by blacklist_via cheatography.com/121658/cs/24003/

Notes

References			
Bug bounty cheatsheet	https://m0chan.github.io/2019/12/17/Bug-Bo- unty-Cheetsheet.html		
Hacktricks cheatsheet	https://book.hacktricks.xyz/bug-bounties-meth- odology		
Tools introd- uction	https://medium.com/@hakluke		
Learn	 Understand concept from youtube Read reports on the web, medium, hackerone, twitter, reddit etc 		
Practice	7 Docker websploit7 PortSwigger Academy		
	https://portswigger.net/web-security		
Resources	 Pentester Lab free VM Another bug-hunting-methodology Another bug-hunting-methodology 2 		
Checklist			
Understand the fl	ow of application Exploit it 1Recon - 2 Checklist		
Password reset	Y Change host header		
No rate limit			

Bug Hunting MethodlogyJason HaddixImage: Bug-Hunter-MethodologyApproaching targetImage: Recon APT28OneforallImage: Tool Guide
Image: ApproachAmassImage: ApproachAucleiImage: ApproachLazyreconImage: ApproachBurpsuiteImage: ApproachFufImage: Approach

WaybackURL

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Dua Lluntina	Methodlogy	(cont)
buu hununu	Methodiody	(COIII)

Burp	Goto Scope and click use advanced scope control		
	Y Now we can enter a "term" instead of a domain name		
Click on add and inside host field enter only the target			
	name like office		
	Pop-up will come up Click no as we still want stuff		
	outside of this term		
	Go back to Sitemap and open menu		
	Click on first option: Show only in scope items		
	Now you can see only those URL with only that term		
	Select all relevant domains or open more and Click on		
	Scan, So that we can crawl all these URLs		
	Menu: Scan details: Select crawl option and you can		
	see a list of URLs/Domains to scan		
	Scan configuration: Click on select from Library and		
	select Fastest		
	Again select from library and select never stop crawl due		
	to application errors		
	Apply those 2 and proceed ahead		
	Goto Resource pool: Click on create new resource pool,		
	assign it a name		
	click on Maximum concurrent requests: 50		
	Done Burp has started scanning the target to find more		
	subdomains and maybe root domains. Use the dashboard		
	to track the progress		
Tools fo	r Automation		
XSS	XSS Hunter		
SSRF	Ssrf-Tool Hacktricks		
SQL	5 SQLMAP		
4 Chec	klist & Tools Test Cases that can be performed & Number of		
Tools th	at can be used for this methodology		

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SSRF (cont)

SQL Injection	on
Second order SQL Injection	 ⁴ Using this vulnerability we can change the password of the particular username ⁴ For example ' and create a new account blacklist' ⁴ ' is Single quote. Used to delineate a query with an unmatched quote
SQL injection 4 second- order-sql	 What happens is there is a query like UPDATE users set password="new pass" where username="blacklist '" and password="this is for current password" Now when i sue this query after becomes just a comment which have no use now and it will directly changed the pass of old user

Tips & Tricks

Twitter

With great flexibility comes great power of messing things up Having flexibility in web app development also means having facility in creating creating insecure code

SSRF

SSRF

1) What it	In a Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) attack,
is	the attacker can abuse functionality on the server to
(concept)	read or update internal resources.
	⁴ The attacker can supply or a modify a URL which the code running on the server will read or submit data to, and by carefully selecting the URLs, the attacker may be able to read server configuration such as AWS metadata, connect to internal services like http enabled databases or perform post requests towards internal services which are not intended to be exposed.
2) Where it can be (where to look for)	SSRF exists when the server, as part of one of its features, fetches data or queries an internal or external resource. The key is that this request includes a value that the attacker can manipulate, potentially allowing the attacker to completely change the request being performed by the server.
3) Goal	Y The user will need to modify the URL.
4) Automation Tool	⁴ Hunt RMX (burp extension)⁴ Ssrfmap
SSRF Detecctor	7 Detect-ssrf
Tips	The more endpoints you find the more scope you have



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SSRF (cont)

Tips 🦸 If you find a subdomain running and identify the service running i.e.-JIRA then you already know endpoints and can try them

AllThingsSSRF

SSRF_Guide

WebHackersWeapons

Cyber Kill Chain APT-28

Cyber	Phases of Pentesting, Recon and Information	
Kill	gathering is very important phase, A good penetration	
Chain	tester spends 90% of his time in widening the attack	
	surface because he knows this is what its all about. Rest	
	is just a matter of using the correct tools and techniques	
1. Recon	naissance Information Gathering	
2. Footpr	inting Scanning	
3. Vulner	ability Assessment Vulnerability identification and analysis	
4. Gainin	g Access Exploitation	
5. Mainta	ining Access Post exploitation	

6. Clearing Track

7 Reporting | Re-Testing

Penetration Testing - Its a process where each next step is dependent on the previous step, Goal is to test each and every vulnerability without overloading the client infrastructure

Profes- PIFVER sional Penetration Testing Process

Cyber Kill Chain APT-28 (cont)

	Cyber Kill Cha	in AP1-28 (cont)
ervice nd can	4 Engagement RoE	 Details about penetration test are established Quotation: It is in terms of price and estimate of the time required to perform your Job. It depends upon the test is for a network or web application or whole organization, and also depends upon type of engagement- black, white, gray and complexity Proposal Submittal: Write proposal keeping in mind clients needs and infrastructure. It should include understanding of client requirement and Approach & Methodology that will be used like automated scans or manual testing, or onsite testing.
ation ack ut. Rest niques		Also it should include the Risks & Benefit , value that pentest will bring to the organization. Finally Proposal should include the Scope of Engagement Staying in Scope: Always verify if it is client property and you have written permission to conduct assessment on it. So that you dont break the law as few country have rules and regulations that you need
analysis		to comply with. Incident Handling: It is an procedure or set of instruction that needs to be executed by both the parties involved on how to proceed when an incident occurs. Or have a Emergency contact number that might help in incident handling for the client infrastru- cture.
is ery		 Once an emergency contact is set, it should be worth adding a statement to the Rules Of Engagement Legal Work: Organizations wants you to sign NDA (Non-Disclosure-Agreement). Moreover, as Security Laws vary from country to country you might need to hire a Lawyer. Thus confidentiality must remain, and data cannot be sold to third party, must be encrypted and kept private.
		be encrypted and kept private. Finally, RoE is document that will define the scope of engagement and put on paper what Pentester is authorized to do and when, this includes the time window for your tests and your contacts in the client organization. And if something goes wrong there should a client contact whom you could coordinate activities or communicate in case something goes wrong

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Cyber Kill Chain	APT-28 (cont)	Cyber Kill Ch	ain APT-28 (cont)
 Information Gathering Reconnais- sance 	 Most crucial stage for success. During this stage, pentester is an investigator who wants to harvest information about the client organization. Also dont engage before the dates as client should not miss a real attack vector. The RoE states if social engineering is allowed. Understanding the Business is an important part as it helps you to understand what is important for your client. 	 Finally, Information Gathering & Fingerpri- nting is very important to ensure you make your Target Wider 	 Widening the Attack Surface. Sticking to the process is the real secret for an effective pentest. For eg - Highly motivated & Experienced Hacker spend most of their time investigating their victims and gathering information about them using as many sources as possible, this helps them launch highly targeted attacks that do not trigger alarms in the victim defense system. A successful and stealthy attack is made possible
Footprinting& Scanning	ø		by a deep understanding of the target which comes from a thorough information gathering phase
Vulner- abilityAssessment	 Vulnerability identification and analysis Manual or Automated 	Web Fundam Pentesting Career	Ability to exploit web application and finding vulner- abilities in web servers and services
 Exploitation (Gaining Access) Post exploitation (Maintaining Access) 	 Gaining Access & Maintaining Access & Clearing Track P 	Protocol	 HTTP used to transfer web pages and data from server to client and vice-versa
		HTTP (request & response)	* The client usually a web browser connects to a web server, i.e Apache HTTP Server and MS ISS
Clearing Tracks		HTTP working	Works on Top of TCP ProtocolFirst a TCP connection is established. Then client
7 Reporting	Consultancy: This might be required by the Organization after delivering the report as they might need further clarification or help regarding Pentesters Findings. After consultancy a pentester should keep report encrypted or better yet, destroy it.		sends its requests and waits for response. The server processes the request and sends back the response along with a Status Code and Data



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Web Fundamentals (cont)		Web Fundamentals (cont)	
Client	Server 9 SYN ACK 9 HTML response	User-Agent header	 Fells the server which client software is issuing the requests, a client could be Firefox, Google, Edge and a mobile app Also reveals the server the operating system version
HTTP 🦻 \r \n	 Headers \r \n \r \n To end lines in HTTP, use \r (Carriage Return) & \n 	Accept header	 The browser sends the Accept Header field to specify which document type it is expecting in the Response text/html
	 (New Line) characters Message Body Header_name : Header_value 	Accept-La- nguage header	Similarly, The browser can ask for a specific language in the response
HTTP Request Example	Request Method \$ / PATH, the PATH tells the server which resource browser is asking for and there is Protocol version that tells the server how to compression that tells the server how to be appreciate with the browser.	Accept-En- coding header	Y The browser accepts two types of compression, gzip & deflate
header JSON POST - Used to send cont Parameters and Data PUT - Update Capabilites DELETE - Delete a resource	# GET - Used to retrieve, 200 code, returns XML or	Connection header	 The connection header field allows the sender to specify that are desired for that particular connection i.e Connection : keep-alive, Future communications with the server will reuse the current connection
	 PUT - Update Capabilites DELETE - Delete a resource identified by a URI 	HTTP Response	✤ When the server receives a request, it processes it and sends back an HTTP response to the client. The response has its own header format. Along with Page
header	 HOST header field specifies the internet hostname and port number of the resource being requested A web server can host multiple websites. This header field tells the server which site the client is asking for 	Status line	Content
		Date	 Pate represents the date and time at which the message was originated
	* The HOST value is obtained from the URI of the resource		

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Web Fundamentals (cont)

Cache- Control header	 The server informs the client about cached content. Using cache content saves bandwidth as it prevents the client from re-requesting unmodified content. 	
Conten t-Type	Lets the client know how to interpret the body of the message. i.e text/html , charset=UTF-8	
Conten t-E- ncoding	It extends Content-Type and If gzip then message body is compressed with the gzip	
Server header	 The server header field contains the header of the server that generated the content Very useful field during a Pentest to identify the software running on the Web server 	
Content-Length		

Status Codes



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