

# Organism Response and Behaviour Cheat Sheet by Bendash13 (Bendash13) via cheatography.com/24992/cs/12029/

Types of Rece	Types of Receptors					
Photoreceptor s	Detects light, colour not important. detection of movement and shapes essential					
Thermorecep tors	Infra-red detected, receptors not in eyes					
Mechanorece ptors	Detects: touch, pressure, movement, gravity, stretch. important for co-ordination					
Propriorecept ors	responds to tension in muscles and joints					
Chemorecept	Smell (olfaction), taste(gustation)					
Auditory Receptors	Detects sound waves					
Electrical Fields	Fish use to detect disturbances nearby					
Magnetic Fields	Homing in pigeons					

#### **Tropism**

Tropisms are a plant growth response to stimuli. This response can be positive (towards) or negative (away from).

### **Types of Tropism**

Stimulus	Root	Shoot	Advantage	
Phototropis m	-	+	More light for shoot. Better anchorage+water+minerals for root	
Geotropism	+	-	Same as above	

	5 Major Plant Hormones					
ĺ	Name	Stimulus	Produced	Effect		
	Auxin	Light in shoot, Gravity in roots	Apical Meristem	Cell elongation promoted in shoots and inhibited in roots		
	Gibberellin s		Apical Meristem	Breaks dormancy, elongation of stems		
	Ethylene		Senesing leaf	Stimulates sugar production from starch		
	Cytokinins		Apical Meristem	Cell division in presence of auxin.		
	Abscisic Acid (ABA)	Response to water stress	Leaves, Fruit, Stem, Root cap	Controls dormancy, promotes abscission, inhibits seed growth		

### **Phototropism**

What causes Phototropism?

Auxin (IAA)

Where is it produced?

Apical meristem

What does it do?

Promotes cell elongation in shoot, inhibits in root

Where does it go?

Moves down plant from shoot to root

Why does it only affect one side?

Moves laterally across to the shaded side

What is the result of elongation?

Shoot grows towards light, root grows away.

What is the benefit?

More light for photosynthesis in shoots. roots grow away into soil where there is more minerals and water for photosynthesis.

### Geotropism

What is it?

Plant growth response to gravity

How is it detected?

Starch grains called Statoliths settle at bottom of root cap cells

What is th response?

Leads to redistribution of auxin at roots causing the root to grow towards gravity.

Does it affect shoots?

Yes, in the absence of light shoots exhibit negative geotropism, they grow away from gravity

## **Nastic Responses**

What is it?

Movement of a plant part in response to stimuli

How fast does it occur?

Slow, but faster than tropisms

How responded?

Uniform response, regardless of direction of stimuli

Examples of responses

Venus flytrap responding to chemicals.

