# Cheatography

# **Biodiversity Cheat Sheet** by Becky B (Beckyb9) via cheatography.com/141887/cs/30508/

#### What is Biodiversity?

Biodiversity is a term used to describe the enormous variety of life on Earth. It can be used more specifically to refer to all of the species in one region or ecosystem. Biodiversity refers to every living thing, including plants, bacteria, animals, and humans.

#### **Biodiversity components**

Ecological diversity	Biomes, Bioregions, Landsc- apes, Ecosystems, Habitats, Niches, Population
Organismal diversity	Kingdom, Phyla, Families, Genera, Species, Subspe- cies, Population, Individual
Genetic diversity	Population, Individual, Chromosome, Genes, Nucleotides

#### Convation of Biodiversity

Convention on Biodiv-	www.cbd.int
ersity link	
Set up in 1988 by United	Have a group
Nations Environnent	of experts and
Programme (UNEP)	scientists

Need to share costs between developed and developing countries

It represents a dramatic step forward in the conservation of biological diversity, the sustainable use of its components, and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the use of genetic resources.

1992-1993 received 168 signatures committing to change

#### Ecological diversity

The variation in both terrestrial	Looking
and aquatic ecosystems.	at
Ecological diversity can also take	diversity
into account the variation in the	at a
complexity of a biological	broder
community, including the number	scale
of different niches, the number of	
and other ecological processes.	



By Becky B (Beckyb9) cheatography.com/beckyb9/

#### Ecological diversity (cont)

different species	very small area
Has a wide range of	Can be within a
Bimoes	Grassland
guish between different	Moors, Chalk
Can be dificult to distin-	Wetland,
conserving diversity	
The approuch we <b>now</b> use to look at	

### Organismal diversity

About the number and types of different individual species out there.	
Classific- ation of species into groups	Linked to lineage
Full taxonomic diversity	Names are meant to represent their <b>decent</b> . Understanding about species.

#### Genus name change

Example of a Tomato plants name change
and how using linage can get confusing
1753: Linnaeus- Solanum lycopersicum
1768: Miller- Lycopersicon esculentum
1881: Karst- Lycopersicon lycopersicum
1974: Nicolson- Lycopersicon lycopersicum
1983: Lycopersicon esculentum (Miller)
2001: Peralta & Spooner- Genetics put it in
the <i>Solanum</i> genus
Ongoing conflict with the name- including in
the literature

Genetic Diversity	
What makes a	How does one
species the	individual differ from
species it is?	another?
Can be a different	This is why Donkeys
number of	and Horses can't
Chomesones	always mate

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## Benefits of genetic diversity

- Different varieties of wheat:
- > Environmental preferences
- > Seasonal preferences (winter)
- > Heat and drought tolerance
- > Yield
- > Resistance to disease or pests
- > Protein content

Utilise wild and	Genetic breeding
alternative	and/or Genetic Modifi-
varieties	cation

Genetic Subspe	cies of Tiger
Genetic tests 2004	Identified 6 subspecies of tigers (and 3 extinct)
Geographic isol characteristics	ation and morphological
Bengal tiger, Amur tiger, South China tiger, Sumatran tiger, Indochinese tiger, and Malayan tiger	
Split around 100,000 years ago	natural selection to adapt to different habitats.

Very little gene flow between subspecies

#### Conervation can be hard

Can't save every species	Need to prioritise
Different threats	Some might be threatened by land use other by poaching. Need to focus on one problem rather than multiple
If fousing on one Subspecies you don't have to travel as much as if you looked at the whole spieces	Which is the most beneficial to save

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