

JENKINS

Jenkins is an open source automation tool written in Java that allows continuous integration and continuous delivery of projects.

INSTALL JENKINS

ON WINDOWS:

1. Install Java Development Kit (JDK)
2. Set the Path for the Environmental Variable for JDK.
3. Download and Install Jenkins.
4. Run Jenkins on Localhost 8080.

ON UBUNTU:

1. Install Java (\$sudo apt install openjdk-8-jdk or 11-jdk).
2. Add the Jenkins repository.
3. Install Jenkins (\$sudo apt update, \$sudo apt install Jenkins).
4. Set up Jenkins (<http://localhost:8080>).

JOB TYPES

1. **Freestyle build jobs** are general-purpose build jobs, which provides maximum flexibility. It can be used for any type of project.
2. **Pipeline** runs the entire software development workflow as code.
3. **Multiconfiguration project** allows us to run the same build job on different environments.
4. **Folder** allows users to create folders to organize and categorize similar jobs.
5. **GitHub Organization** scans your entire GitHub organization and creates Pipeline jobs for each repository containing a Jenkinsfile.
6. **Multibranch Pipeline** lets us implement different Jenkinsfiles for different branches of the same project.
7. **Maven** builds a maven project. Jenkins takes advantage of our POM files for packaging.

BUILD PIPELINE

Build Pipeline can be used to chain several jobs together and run them in a sequence.

BUILD PIPELINE EXAMPLE:

1. Create 3 freestyle Jobs.
2. Chain the 3 jobs together.
Job1 ->configure ->Post Build ->Build other projects ->Job2
Job2 ->configure ->Post Build ->Build other projects ->Job3
3. Create a build pipeline view.
Jenkins Dashboard ->Add view ->Enter a name ->Build pipeline view ->ok ->configure ->Pipeline flow ->Select Initial job ->Job1 ->ok
4. Run the Build Pipeline.

JENKINS PIPELINE

Jenkins pipeline is a single platform that runs the entire pipeline as code instead of building several jobs for each phase and it puts it in a Jenkinsfile. Jenkinsfile is a text file that stores the pipeline as code. It is written using the Groovy DSL. It can be written based on two syntaxes:

1. **Scripted pipeline:** Code is written on the Jenkins UI instance and is enclosed within the node block.

```
node {
```

```
  scripted pipeline code
```

```
}
```

2. **Declarative pipeline:** Code is written locally in a file and is checked into a SCM and is enclosed within the pipeline block.

```
node {
```

```
  declarative pipeline code
```

```
}
```

JENKINS PLUGINS

Most Commonly Used Jenkins Plugins:

Jenkins comes with over 2000 plugins and each plugin has a unique functionality. But when it comes to software development most developers use a set of plugins, such as, **Maven, Git, Ant, Docker, Amazon EC2, HTML publisher, Copy artefact**, etc.

Follow the below step to install the above plugins or any other Jenkins plugin.

Jenkins Dashboard-> Manage Jenkins-> Manage Plugins-> Available

In the filter text field enter the name of the plugin you want to install.

MAVEN PROJECT

1. Build Step where we can write goals and options. We can write different maven commands here such as **CLEAN, INSTALL, COMPILE, TEST, PACKAGE**, etc. that affect the **POM.xml** file present on our system or GitHub Repository.
2. We can also deploy war/ear to a container using post-build actions and archive the same.
3. We can execute batch or shell commands as a part of pre-build steps.

AUTOMATED DEPLOYMENT

1. Head to the manage plugins and install the respective plugins
2. It takes the war/ear file and deploys that to the running remote application build.
3. Go-to build and configure and click on 'deploy to war/ear to container'
4. In the war container section save details about the destination server and click save.

EXAMPLE:

Open a freestyle project. Paste the URL of GitHub repository where POM.xml file is stored in SCM. Add a maven command (MVN CLEAN INSTALL). This will give us a war/jar file which we can deploy onto TOMCAT.



MANAGE USERS & ROLES

Jenkins allows us to give different permissions to a user across different jobs using "**Project Based Matrix Authorization strategy**".

To use Project-based Matrix Authorization Strategy, First login with Admin user go to *Manage Jenkins -> Configure Global Security*.

In "Authorization", Select "**Project-based Matrix Authorization Strategy**". Then add "**Admin**" user and check all the checkbox to grant all permission to admin user.



By **azka123**
cheatography.com/azka123/

Published 3rd March, 2022.
Last updated 3rd March, 2022.
Page 2 of 2.

Sponsored by **ApolloPad.com**
Everyone has a novel in them. Finish
Yours!
<https://apollopad.com>