Cheatography

Periodic Table <3 Cheat Sheet by anonymous_714 via cheatography.com/197151/cs/41614/

COMPARISON	
GROUP I	TRANSITION METALS
Physical properties	Physical properties
Soft.	Hard.
Low melting point. (decrease down the group).	High melting point.
Low density. (increase down the group).	High density.
All their compounds are soluble in water.	Not all their compounds are soluble in water.
Chemical properties	Chemical properties
Monovalent.	Elements has more than one oxidation state.
Lose one e- & form a +ve ion.	Loses 1 electron or more & form colored, +ve ions.
Very reactive (increase down the group).	Some are reactive (less reactive than groups 1, 2 and 3).
No catalytic properties.	Their elements & compounds have catalytic properties (except zinc).
Their compunds are white when solid & colorless when aqueous.	Most of their compounds are colored in both solid & liquid states.
React with cold water forming an alkali (metal hydroxide + hydrogen).	Few can react with steam forming metal oxide (reaction takes a lot of time.
React with Oxygen forming metal oxide (METAL2OXYGEN).	React with Oxygen forming metal oxide.
Their compounds never undergo thermal decomposition except group 1 nitrate	Their compounds undergo thermal decomposition to give

Their compounds never undergo thermal decomposition except group 1 nitrate (2NaNO3 --> 2NaNO2 + O2).

GROUP II

GROUP VII

AKA Halogens.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

- \$ Non-metals.
- **\$** Low melting and boiling points (increase down the group).
- \$ Low density (increase down the group).
- \$ Not shiny.
- \$ Not malleable nor ductile.
- \$ Poor conductor of electricity.
- \$ All of their compounds are soluble in

water except the ones with Silver & Lead.

\$ Color gets darker down the group.

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- \$ Monovalent.
- \$ Gain one e- & form a -ve ion / share.
- \$ Very reactive (decrease down the group).
- \$ Exist as diatomic molecules.
- \$ They react with metals forming salts.
- \$ Their compounds with Hydrogen are
- usually strong acids.
- **\$** Each halogen can replace/oxidize the halogen below it in its compound.

HALOGENS (part 2)

GROUP VIII

the metal oxide.

AKA Noble gases.

They are all gases.

They are all inert.

Valency = 0 (outermost energy level is filled with e^{-s}) (no sharing, losing or gaining e^{-s}).

Mono-atomic.

\$ Helium is used in filling balloons.

\$ Argon is used in filling light bulbs.

\$ Krypton & Xenon used in commercial lights.

AKA Alkaline Earth metals. 1- Fluorine is a yellow gas. When aqueous, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES it turns colorless. \$ Solid. 2- Chlorine is greenish yellow gas. When \$ Shiny. aqueous, it turns colorless. \$ Silver. 3- Bromine is a red brown liquid. When in \$ Malleable & ductile (layers of +ve ions can gaseous state, it stays red brown. When slide over each other). aqueous, it turns orange. \$ Good conductor of electricity (free moving 4- lodine is a dark grey solid. When in e-s). gaseous state, it turns purple. When \$ Not all their compounds are soluble in aqueous, it turns red brown. water 5- Astatine is a black solid. \$ All their compounds are white when solid & colorless when aqueous. Cl2 (g) + 2KBr(aq) --> KCl (aq) + Br2 (aq CHEMICAL PROPERTIES). \$ Divalent (one oxidation state). Greenish yellow + colorless --> colorless + \$ Lose 2 electrons & form a +ve ion (+2). orange. \$ Reactive bas less reactive than group 1 Cl2 (g) + 2KI (aq) --> KCI (aq) + I2 (aq). (increases down the group). Greenish yellow + colorless --> colorless + \$ No catalytic properties. red brown. \$ React with oxygen forming metal oxide. \$ Their compounds undergo thermal decomposition to give the metal oxide. \$ React with water forming metal hydroxide

Cold water (metal hydroxide and hydrogen) Ba + 2H2O --> Ba(OH)2 + H2.

Sr + 2H2O --> Sr(OH)2 + H2.

Hot water (metal oxide and hydrogen)

Mg + H2O --> MgO + H2.

or metal oxide.

Ca + H2O --> CaO + H2.

"As we go down the group, the reaction with water is faster."

PROPERTIES COMMON IN ALL METALS

\$ Solid.

\$ Shiny (metallic luster).

\$ Silver.

\$ Malleable & ductile --> layers of +ve ions can slide over each other.

\$ Good conductor of electricity (free moving e-s).



By anonymous_714

Not published yet. Last updated 9th December, 2023. Page 2 of 2.

Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com

cheatography.com/anonymous-714/