# Cheatography

## Skeletal System Cheat Sheet by ally\_rose via cheatography.com/144074/cs/30942/

7	Func	tions	of	Bones
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## Support

Bones provide Framework that supports the body and cradles its soft organs

## Protection

Fused bones of the skull protect the brain

## Anchorage

Skeletal muscles which attach to bones by tendons use bones as levers to move

## Mineral Storage

Bone stores calcium and phosphate

Blood cell formation

Hematopoiesis occurs in the red marrow of certain bones

## Fat storage

A source of energy for the body. Is stored as yellow marrow in cavities of long bone

Hormone production (osteocalcin)

Hormone that helps to regulate insulin secretion, glucose homeostasis and energy expenditure

## Types of bone cells and their derivation Osteoprogenitor Cells

Stem cells.

Osteoblasts

Matrix synthesizing cell. Responsible for bone growth

#### Osteocyte

mature bone cell. Monitors and maintains the mineralized bone matrix

osteoclast

Bone-resorbing cell



# By ally\_rose

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## Types of Bone Fracture

21	
Comminuted	Compression
Bone fragments into three or more pieces	Bone is crushed
Spiral	Epiphyseal
Ragged break occurs when excessive twisting force are applied	separates from the diaphysis along the spiphyseal plate
Depression	Greenstick
Broken bone portion is pressed inward	Bone break is incomplete, much in the way a green twig breaks

## **Classification of Joints**

Fibrous	Cartil- aginous	synovial
Adjoining	Adjoining	Adjoingin
bones united	bone nited	bone
by collagen	by	covered
fibers. Suture	cartilage:	with
(short fibers)-	Syncon-	articular
immobile	drosis	cartilage.
Syndes-	(hyaline)	Areas:
omosis (long	immobile	Plane,
fibers) slightly	Symphysis	hinge,
movable and	(fibrocar-	Pivot,
immobile	tilage)	condylar,
	Slightly	saddle, ball
	movable	and socket

## Axial Skeleton Vs. Appendicular Skeleton

Axial	Appendicular Skeleton
Long axis of the body and	Bones of the
includes the bones of the	upper and
skull, vertebral column,	lower limbs
and rib cage	and the girdles

## Compact and Spongy Bone

## compact Bone

External layer of the bone, is dense and looks smooth and solid to the naked eye

## Spongy bone

Honeycomb like structure inside of compact bone that is called trabeculae and its filled with red and yellow marrow

## Part of Long bone Explination

Epiphelysis is another name for the bone end of the long bone. When someone is growing, their Epiphyseal plate works to extend the bone. (this mostly happens in adolescent years). When someone gets to the age where this stops, the epiphyseal line forms which is basically the remnant of the epiphyseal plate

## Chemical Composition of Bone

Organic Components	Inorganic components
Bone cells and osteoid-	Mineral salts-
allow it to resist tension	allow to resist
(stretch)	compression

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## Postnatal Bone Growth

1) Resting Zone 2) Proliferation Zone: cartilage cells undergo mitosis 3) Hypertrophic Zone: Older cartilage cells enlarge 4) Calcification Zone: Matrix becomes calcified; cartilage cells die; matrix begins deteriorating 5) Ossification Zone: New bone is forming

## **Fibrous Joints**

Suture	Sundesmosis	Gomphosis
Joint held together with very	joint held together by a ligament.	peg in socket fibrous joint
short,	Fibrous tissue	norodo joint
interconn-	can vary in	
ecting	length but is	
fivers	longer than in suture	

## range of motions allowed by Synovial joint

Nonaxial movement: Gliding uniaxial movement (movement in one lace) Biaxial movement (movement in two lanes. multiracial (movement in or around all three places space and axes

## Long Bone

## Structure of long bone

Shaft, bone ends, membranes

## Diaphysis

Shaft: forms the long axis of the bone that surrounds the medullary cavity, which contains no bone tissue, but yellow bone marrow

Epiphyses

## Long Bone (cont)

The bone ends: outer shell of compact bone that forms the epiphysis exterior and the interior contains spongy bone. Thin layer of hyaline cartilage covers the joint surface which cushions opposite ends of the bones Membranes

Periosteum. covers the external surface of the bone and contains lots of nerve vessels which why it makes breaking a bone so painful

## Endosteum

covers the internal bone surface. it covers the trabeculae of spongy bone and lines the canals that pass through the compact bone

## Nutrient Foramen

Nutrient artery runs inward to supply the bone marrow and the spongy bone

## Bone Growth

Endochondral ossification	Intramembranous ossification
bone develops by replacing hyaline cartilage which leads to endoch-	a bone develops from a fibrous membrane and theh bone is called a membranous
ondral bone	bone

## How the bone Grows Fetus to adolescence

1) Bone collar forms around the diaphysis of the hyaline cartilage model 2) Cartilage calcifies in the Center of the diaphysis and then develops cavities 3) the periosteal bud invades the internal cavities and spongy bone forms 4) The diaphysis elongates and a medullary cavity forms. Secondary ossification centers appears in the epiphyses 5) The epiphyses ossify when ossification is complete, hyaline cartilage remains only in teh epiphyses plates and articular cartilage

# С

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## Synovial Joint

articular cartilage

glassy smooth hyaline cartilage covers the opposing bone surface

#### Joint cavity

contains a small amount of synovial fluid

## Articular capsule

enclosed by a two layered joint capsule. A tough external fibrous slayer composed of dense irregular connective tissue that is continuous with the periostea of the articulating bone

## reinforcing ligaments

reinforced and strengthen by a number of sandlike ligaments.

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