

Chapter 7		Chapter 7	(cont)	Chapter	7 (cont)
General Approaches to Vocabulary Expansion	Read widely Sample different subjects and styles of writing Use Words You Already Know Words you use in	A Strategy for Learning Unfamiliar Words	Try to figure out the meaning of the word through the context Context; the familiar words surrounding the unfamiliar word	Context Clues	Definition example/illustration Contrast the logic of the passage.
	everyday speak		throughout the		
	Spoken, I know, but, because, um		sentence, paragraph, or passage		
	Written; therefore, however, since, Words you know but seldom or never use in your own speech or writing Words you have seen before but cannot fully define Words you have never seen or heard before Look for Five-dollar Words to Replace One-Dollar Words The book was good, but it was very long. The book was an exhaustingly long journey but expressed an amazing story. Build Your Words				
	Awareness Get in				
	the habit of noticing				
	unfamiliar words Pay attention to				
	words that seem				
	useful				



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Chapter 7 (cont)

Analyzing Word Parts Prefixes; appears at the beginning of words to alter or modify the meaning of the root word they are connected to A-=without, negative, not Anti- =against aut/o-=self Bi- =two/double Roots: the basic meaning of the words (typically greek or latin) acr/o- = extremities abdomin/o- = abdominal Suffixes; word endings -amiea= blood -itis= inflammation

Chapter 7 (cont)

Using Reference Sources **General Dictionaries** Audio component Merriam-Webster Multiple dictionary entries Dictionary.com Make sure you know how to spell the word you are searching for Thesauruses a dictionary for synonyms Thesaures.com Another word for; however, very, because... Subject area dictionaries Medical dictionary Bilingual dictionaries Scrabble Dictionaries Vocabulary

Enrichment with Electronic Sources ebooks/ textbooks with highlighted

words

Chapter 7 (cont)

Learning Specialized
Specializ terminology in class
ed lecture Make space in
Terminol your class note for new
ogy terms and definitions
Specialized
terminology in
textbooks Typically
underlined,

highlighted, bolded,

colored print Margin

definitions on the side or bottom of page

Chapter 7 (cont)

for learning vocabulary

Systems

studying, review, to test yourself Front of card=word Back of card=definition &/ examples Computerized Vocabulary log chart/table Sections for word, meaning, and location information is found

Flash Cards Used for

C

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Chapter 8		Chapter 8 (cont)	Chapter 8	3 (cont)	Chapter	8 (cont)
Evaluating Data and Evidence	Facts Personal Experience Examples Statistics Comparison Analogies Appeal to Authority Cause-effect Relationships	Reading Arguments	Identify the issue Identify the claim/position, idea/action the writer is trying to persuade Read the entire article/essay completely more than once if necessary Evaluate the types of evidence provided Observe whether the author recognizes	Distingui shing between fact and opinion	Fact Statements that can be verified That is provided to be true/false Opinion Statements that express feelings, attributes/ beliefs and neither are true/false	Identify the author's purpose	Consider the source of the material (sources, examples, complex ideas, language) The intended audience (interest level, age, sex, occupation, ethnic group) The point of view/perspective (fact/opinion, are both sides shown) What is the writer trying to prove (is it persuasive)
			opposing views Watch for conclusions Write a brief outline of the argument, listing key points				



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the

content

Chapter 8 (cont)

Recogni Pay attention to zing emotional language bias Notice descriptive language Look for opposing viewpoints

Chapter 8 (cont)

a tone

How to Tone - the style/manner identify of expression in speaking/writing Consider how the information makes you feel Study the author's word choice Study how the author writes

Chapter 8 (cont)

Does the website Evaluate provide useful, website's relevant, credible, information written by experts/ provided by good reputations Is the information presented in a way that you can understand - are sources cited? Does the website provide complete information and data Who sponsors the website and is the sponsor biased If opinions are offered, are they clearly presented as opinion Does the author make unsubstantial assumptions Are the

> links relevant and current Is the content

well written

Chapter 8 (cont)

Information To present facts, information and (.edu/.gov) research data. May contain reports, statistical data, a result of research studies and reference materials



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Chapter 8 (cont)		Chapter 8 (cont)		Chapter 8 (cont)		Chapter 8 (cont)	
(.com/.org) informal national internat Often su print ne	ide current tion on local, l, and ional news. upplements wspapers, tals, and TV	Advocacy (.com/.org)	To promote a particular cause/point of view. Usually controversial issue; nonprofit groups	Commercial (.com/.biz/.info)	To promote goods/services	Personal (.info/.co m/.biz/.ed u)	To provide info about an individual's interests and accomplishments.



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Chapter 8 (cont)

Evaluating author and source credibility

Asses the author's authority Check the copyright/posting date Look for footnotes, endnotes, a list of references. These suggest the author consulted other sources and is presenting reliable data. Identify the intended audience Verify one source against other sources Look for a consensus of opinion Ask critical questions

Chapter 8 (cont)

Inferences A re

A reasoned guess about what you don't know based on what you do know. Suggestions Understand the directly stated meaning first Add up the facts Use clues provided by the writer Make logical inference Verify your inference

Chapter 11 and 12

Paying Denotative meanings:
attention all words have one or
to more standard
connotati meanings
ve Connotative meanings:
language include the feelings

and associations that

accompany a word.

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Examining figurative language

Simile: uses the words like or as to make the comparison The computer hums like a beehive After 5:00 P.M. our downtown is a ghost town Personification: compares humans and nonhumans according to one characteristic, attributing human characteristics to ideas or objects. When evaluating ask the following questions Why did the writer make the comparison What is the basis or shared characteristic of the comparison Is the comparison accurate What images does the comparison suggest? How do these images make you feel? Is the comparison positive or negative? Are several different interpretations possible?



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Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Watching missing informati

What hasn't the author told me? The author has deliberately omitted important information in an attempt to cover up or mislead Do additional research Did the author report details secretively? The author favors a particular viewpoint Determine the author's bias. Compare the source with a source presenting an alternative viewpoint Is there contradictory evidence that was not reported? The author has presented both sides of an issue fairly Obtain additional sources that discuss both sides

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Being Generalization: a alert statement about an entire group based on known for information about part of general ization the group.

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Examining Assumption: an idea or principle the author accepts as true and author's makes no effort to assumptio ns prove or substantiate.

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

for

ive

Watching Cliche: a tired, overused expression manipulat Allusion: references to well-known religious, literary, artistic, or language historical works or sources. Euphemism: a word or phrase that is used in place of a word that is unpleasant, embarrassing, or otherwise objectionable.



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Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Chapter 12

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Beyond

Other

Textbooks:

Academic

Sources

Level of retention: textbooks=high level of retention and recall Other sources=low retention; instead look for statistics and familiarity with subjects Format and organization: textbooks=consistant format and organization Other sources= variety of formats and organization How to locate sources Consult with your reference librarian to determine the best sources available Read an encyclopedia entry to get an overview of

the subject Check the library's online catalog to see how your topic is subdivided Consider your purpose and the type of information you need Consult your instructor if you're not sure whether your source is appropriate

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Reference Provides book authoritative background and (encyclope overview; useful dia, when starting out on a directory) new topic to become familiar with key names dates and concepts; usually lists sources for further reading

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Scholarly
nonfiction
treatment of the subject
using their own
monograp
research, ideas, and
informed opinions that
are supported by those
of others. Often refutes
opposing viewpoints
and offers points of
consideration.



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	and 12	

Scholarly A group of essays
nonfiction centered around a
book- common theme or
edited idea, each providing a
collection specific viewpoint or
theory

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Periodical Provides articles on magazine current topics of interest for a broad audience; can give a simplified treatment of a scholarly topic

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Primary Original documents that
Sources give a first-person
account of an era or
event (letters and
diaries)

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Periodicals Magazines include A broad audience, often Magazines the general public and Information and Scholarly entertainment Journals Colorful photographs Advertising Commercial publisher Writers are journalists or enthusiasts; they are paid for their articles. Scholarly articles include A specialized audience, such as professionals Research themes, ideas detailed analysis Little or no advertising Published by a professional organization or educational institute Authors are experts in the field-researchers, professors; they are not paid for their articles. The structure of articles and essays Title Can suggest the subject and create interest Introduction Identifies the topic Presents the thesis statement Interests the reader Provides background Defines terms Body Supports and explains the thesis statement Presents each main supporting point in a separate paragraph Provides, in each paragraph, details to make each point understandable Conclusion Reemphasizes the thesis statement Draws essay to a close The structure of scholarly articles Abstract A brief summary of the article and its findings Appears at the beginning of the article, following the title and author

Summary of related research Summarized

research that already has been completed on the subject Authors will cite and briefly report their findings Brings you up to date on the research in order to help you understand why this research was conducted Methodology The author begins to describe their research Experimental research = purpose, description of the `40population studied, sample size, procedures, and statistical tests applied. Results Results and findings of the research Implications, discussions, and conclusion Explanation of the results and presents possible implications and conclusions Further research Based on their findings some authors conclude the article by suggesting additional research

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that is needed to



Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

Nonfiction and Scholarly Books How to identify approptiate sholarly nonfiction sources What are the author's credentials? Who is the publisher? Is the writing style serious, sophisticated, or complicated? Does the author cite their sources? Finding what you need in a serious nonfiction or scholarly book Textbooks Summarize Memorize Work with information Chapter-review questions Glossaries Scholarly books Table of contents Index Notes, bibliographies, lists or works cited Illustrations

Chapter 11 and 12 (cont)

How To Read Academic Sources How To Read Academic Sources Analyze the assignment Preview the sources Determine how the sources are organized Select a level of

organized Select a level of comprehension that suits your purpose and the task Choose a reading strategy Using skimming and Scanning to read academic sources Skimming: a technique in which you selectively read and skip in order to find only the most important ideas. Scanning: a technique for quickly looking through reading material to locate a

particular piece of information-a fact, a date, a name, a statistic.

Chapter 9

Types of supporting information Examples Reasons Descriptions facts/statistics Citation of research

Chapter 9 (cont)

Definition To define/explain the meaning of a term/concept Transitions Refers to Means Is Can be defined as Consist of



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Chapter 9 (cont)

Time sequence process A clear way to describe events, process, procedures, and development of theories in the order they occur Transitions First Second Later Next As soon as Before After Then Finally Meanwhile Following Last Burning When Until

Chapter 9 (cont)

comparison/contrast Comparisons that analyze the similarities and differences Transitions Similarities Also Similarity Like Likewise Too As well as Both Differences Unlike Despite Instead On the other hand Nevertheless However In spite of

Chapter 9 (cont)

Cause-effect Understanding the subject and learning how and why things happen Cause Because of Since One cause is One reason is Effect Consequently As a result of One result is Therefore Thus

Chapter 9 (cont)

Classification To divide a broad topic into categories Several kinds of One type Another type First Second Finally Can be classified as



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Chapter 9 (cont)

Listing-enumeration Lists of facts, characteristics, parts/categories can appear in any order One Another Also Too For instance First Second Finally For example In addition

Chapter 9 (cont)

Learning Imprinting: forming association/identification Habituation Associative learning Latent learning Insight



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