Cheatography

Network+ | 6.1. IPv4 Cheat Sheet by Aelphi (Aelphi) via cheatography.com/179727/cs/37920/

Layers						
@Layer2	btw 2 devi	btw 2 devices inside own NW or LAN				
@Layer3	btw 2 NWs or 2 subnets					
IPv4						
Notation	dotted-dec	cimal 4x8bits = 32	bits			
Subnet mask	defines NV	V proportion (1=NV	V, 0=host)			
Classes	i classfu	l mask = default su	bnet mask			
- Class A	1-126	255.0.0.0	/8			
- Class B	128-191	255.255.0.0	/16			
- Class C	192-223	255.255.255.0	/24			
- Class D	224-239	n/a	n/a			
IP Types						
- Routable	Public IPs purchased and used by ISP					
- Private	non routab	non routable				
	А	10.0.0/8	10.255.255.255/8			
	В	172.16.0.0/16	172.31.255.255/16			
	С	192.168.0.0/24	192.168.255.255/24			
- Specialized	127.x.x.x	loopback adress	for local testing			
- Automatic	APIPA	assigned by OS if DHCP u/s				
- Virtual	VIP(A)	not correlating to	not correlating to any NIC			
	ex @L7: loadbalancer, failover					

ex @L3: HSRP (Hot StandBy Routing Prot.)

IPv4 Data flows					
Unicast	single destination				
Multicast	multi-specific destination				
Broadcast	all devices on a network				
Assignment					
Static	simple, time-consuming, prone to error, hard to setup in large scale				
Dynamic	quick, easy, scalable				
Content	IP adress, subnet mask, default GW, DNS server (or WINS)				
TTL	time for which an IP is leased to a host. After, IP is given back to IP pool				
APIPA	IP self-assigned in case of DHCP unavailable, from the network 169.254.0.0 /16				
ZeroConf	idem but more recent, using mDNS and DNS-SD				

Subnet masks and available IPs

Dotted-Decimal Notation	CIDR	Binary Notation		
255.0.0.0	/8	11111111.0000000.0000000.00000000		
255.255.0.0	/16	1111111.1111111.00000000.00000000		
255.255.255.0	/24	11111111.1111111.11111111.00000000		
255.255.255.128	/25	11111111.1111111.11111111.10000000		
255.255.255.192	/26	11111111.1111111.11111111.11000000		
255.255.255.224	/27	$11111111.1111111.1111111.\overline{111}\underline{00000}$		
255.255.255.240	/28	11111111.1111111.11111111.11110000		
255.255.255.248	/29	11111111.1111111.11111111.11111000		
255.255.255.252	/30	11111111.1111111.11111111.11111100		
3 network bits : 2^3 = 8 subnet	s	5 hots bits : 2^5-2 = 32-2 = 30 av. IPs		

Subnetting									
Purpose	scaling NW according to its scope of use, to control bandwidth								
How		borrow bits from original host portion and add them to the NW portion							
Calculation									
IP	10.	180.	122.	244	/13				
Mask	255.	248.	0.		0				
256-248 = 8 hots/subnet 180%8 = 4 180-4 = 176									
Subnet	10.	176.	0.	0					
the next subnet is 176+8=184									
Brdcst	10.	183.	255.	255					
1st IP	10.	176.	0.	1					
Last IP	10.	183.	255.	254					

С

By **Aelphi** (Aelphi) cheatography.com/aelphi/ Published 28th March, 2023. Last updated 28th March, 2023. Page 1 of 1. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com