

### Essential Terminology

Multitenant	The Oracle Architecture that consists of a CDB, and one or more PDBs
Container Database (CDB)	A traditional database instance, but has the ability to support PDBs
Pluggable Database (PDB)	A collection of Tablespaces which supports it's own independant Role and User security, and can be easily moved between CDBs
Root Database	The instance administrative layer that sets above PDBs. Users and Roles here must be preceded by <i>c##</i>
Seed Database	A PDB that remains offline to be used as a template for creating new blank PDBs

### Daily Use Commands (from SQL command line)

#### Connect to Container or PDB

```
CONN <user>/<password>@//<host>:<listener port>/<service> {as sysdba};
```

```
CONN <user>/<password>@//<tns_entry> {as sysdba};
```

#### Display Current Container or PDB

```
SHOW CON_NAME;                                SELECT SYS_CONTEXT( 'USERENV', 'CON_NAME')
SHOW CON_ID;                                  FROM DUAL;
```

#### List Containers and PDBs on Instance

SELECT PDB_NAME, Status	SELECT Name, Open_Mode	SELECT Name, PDB
FROM DBA_PDBS	FROM V\$PDBS	FROM V\$SERVICES
ORDER BY PDB_Name;	ORDER BY Name;	ORDER BY Name;

#### Change Container or PDB

```
ALTER SESSION SET container=<name>;           ALTER SESSION SET container = cdb$root;
```

### Cloning/Creating a PDB

First, set your source and target datafile paths...

```
ALTER SESSION SET PDB_FILE_NAME_CONVERT='</seed path>', '</target path>;
```

Then run the create command from the target root container...

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <New PDB Name>
    ADMIN USER <Username>
    IDENTIFIED BY <Password>
    FROM <Source PDB[@blink]>
```

Finally, Open the newly created database...

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <target pdb> OPEN;
```

NOTE: Creating a PDB is just cloning from the seed db.

*[@blink]* is optional and used when creating PDB from existing PDB on another instance.

If using dblink, the link user should be an administrative user on the source PDB



### Managing a Multitenant Database

#### Startup and Shutdown

Startup and Shutdown of a multitenant database function the same as on a regular database, however, if connected to pluggable database, only the pluggable database shuts down. If connected to the root container database then the entire instance shuts down. Pluggable databases also have their own commands that can be run from the root container or other pluggable db.

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <name> OPEN READ WRITE {RESTRICTED} {FORCE};
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <name> OPEN READ ONLY {RESTRICTED} {FORCE};
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <name> OPEN UPGRADE {RESTRICTED};
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <name> CLOSE {IMMEDIATE};
```

To retain state as startup state of container...

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <name> SAVE STATE;
```

#### Roles and Users

Common Users and Roles must be created in the root container and prefixed by the characters c##

Local Users and Roles must be created in pdb

#### Granting Roles and Privileges

```
GRANT <privilege/role> TO <user> CONTAINER=<PDB name or ALL>;
```

If local only, grant from pdb and omit container argument.

### Backup and Recovery

#### Backup

RMAN connection to root container...

Normal Backup will capture full instance

For just Root Container

```
BACKUP DATABASE ROOT
```

For Pluggable Databases

```
BACKUP PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pdb1, pdb2, pdb3>
```

RMAN connection to pluggable database will only work on that pdb

#### Restore

Connect to root container. Normal restore is full instance. For pdb...

```
RUN {ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pdb> CLOSE;
    SET UNTIL TIME "<time set value>";
    RESTORE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pdb>;
    RECOVER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pdb>;
    ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pdb> OPEN; }
```



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### Moving PDB's (Unplugging/Plugging in PDB)

#### Exporting/Unplugging An Existing PDB

To unplug a database, use the following commands. It is recommended that the path used match the datafile storage location.

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pd b_n ame> CLOSE;
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pd b_n ame> UNPLUG INTO '</p ath />< nam e>.xml';
DROP PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pd b_n ame> KEEP DATAFILES;
```

#### Importing/Plugging in PDB into a CDB

Before importing/plugging in a PDB into a CDB a small procedure should be run to Validate the integrity and compatibility of the PDB.

```
SET SERVER OUTPUT ON
DECLARE
    l_r esult      BOOLEAN;
BEGIN
    l_r esult := DBMS_P DB.C HE CK_ PLU G_C OMP ATI BILITY(
        PDB _DE SCR _FILE => '</p ath />< nam e>.xml',
        PDB _NA ME          => '<na me>');
    IF l_result THEN
        DBM S_O UTP UT.P UT _LI NE( 'Co mpa tible, OK to Proceed');
    ELSE
        DBM S_O UTP UT.P UT _LI NE( 'In com pat ible, See PDB_PL UG_ IN_ VIO LATIONS for detai
ls');
    END IF;
END;
```

If the pdb is validated, then use the following commands to import/plug it in. Reference the xml file path specified during export, and the datafile path...

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <ne w_p db_ nam e> USING '</p ath />< nam e>.xml'
    FIL E_N AME _CO NVE RT('</s ource path/>','</dest path/>');
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <ne w_p db_ nam e> OPEN;
```

### PROXY Database Functionality

A special type of PDB is a Proxy PDB. A Proxy PDB essentially is a PDB that is linked to another PDB so that if a PDB is being migrated to another environment and there is a desire to not modify all source code to new location references first, they can still use the old references on a Proxy and the actions will take place on the New DB.

To setup, first setup a dblink to the pluggable target

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <proxy pdb name> AS PROXY FROM <target pdb>@<db lin k>;
```

**NOTE:** dblink may be dropped after proxy db is created

In a proxy DB the alter Database and Alter Pluggable Database commands apply to the proxy db. All other DDL applies to the target db.



**Misc Other Multitenant Management Commands****Cloning from NonCDB to CDB**

NonCDB must support multitenant and use dblink on NONCDB to connect

DBLink user must have CREATE SESSION and CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE privileges

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <new_pdb> FROM NON$CDB@<db link>
    FILE_NAME_CONVERT('<source datafile path/>','<target datafile path/>');
@ORACLE_HOME /rd bms /admin /noncdb_to_pdb.sql
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <target pdb> OPEN;
```

**Moving a PDB**

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <new pdb> FROM <old pdb>@<db link> RELOCATE;
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <new pdb> OPEN;
```

**Removing a PDB**

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <name> CLOSE;
DROP PLUGGABLE DATABASE <name> INCLUDING DATAFILES;
```

**Exporting/Unplugging a pdb to a single compressed file**

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE <pdb name> UNPLUG INTO '<path /><filename>.pdb';
```

**Importing/Plugging in a pdb from a single compressed file**

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE <new pdb name> USING '<path /><filename>.pdb';
```

Note that compressed pdb files for export and import are suffixed by .pdb and are a zip file format.



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